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HONOLULU, H. I.: FRIDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1899 .- SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 2129.

SEMI-WEEKLY. ASSURD TURSDAYS AND FRIDAYS,

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MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIP.

How the Local Peast of Turkeys Was Celebrated.

Big Crowds at Hotels and Restau rants-Football Games Furnish a Spice of Excitement.

Thanksgiving saw a great feast of turkeys, many of them California stock refrigerated and some of them natives. The latter were the best and they prompted the reflection that the they prompted the renection that the sooner the people take C. M. Cooke's advice and begin raising their own turkeys the better it will be for their tables and their palates. And the same

about other poultry.

A bright employe of the Appraiser's department of the Custom-house has conceived the idea of starting a turkey and chicken ranch and cornering the Thanksgiving market a year from now. He is looking for a piece of land high enough up to get some relief from the mosquitoes that play havoc with the eyes of young fowls and low enough down to escape superabundant rains and insure easy access to the market. He wants to provide accommodations for 4,000 fowls. This will call for quite a large acreage, which, when acquired, will be divided up into small yards where the different breeds and familias can be kent constructed. families can be kept apart, and into common runways where plenty of grass, fresh water, bonemeal, pounded shells and other necessary adjuncts can be provided. There is also some talk about mosquito-proof hen houses where the fat pullets and the young chicks can sleep and dream in peace. But the most noteworthy innovation will be a wire fence, tightly built, just outside the wooden enclosure of the big yard, which no mongoose, Chinaman or other predatory animal can touch without getting a joit of elec-tricity. A small dynamo will cost no more than a dozen watchmen and it won't levy royalty on the poultry as watchmen might.

The projector of this novel enterprise thinks that enough eggs will be sold during the year to make a big credit against the expense account and that about Thanksgiving and Christ-mas he will take in coin enough to permit a big January dividend. In his opinion he will be known a year from ow as the Honolulu Turkey King or the Henyard Magnate or something of the kind, and that no well-regulated table will be without the only genuine Coast, he will give it the frozen mitt and the marble eye.

But to return to yesterday's affair.

chickens the Metropolitan market had might be, but couldn't find out. ephone message to Major McLeod documents of the kind ever recorded in failed of results and at the hour the Honolulu. news was wanted Mr. Waller, the manager, was in bed with the sufficiency of number of suspicious bundles that were

fits the spirit of Thanksgiving. Those hospitality or went to a hotel or reschoice preserve of the dainty dinner. that made the public mouth water. As the Walkiki Inn 50 and the Home Bakery, which made a tremendous spread, 368. So it was a great day all around, gastronomically speaking. It was also a big time for sport.

THANKSGIVING FOOTBALL. The Maile Ilima and St. Louis College boys met again on the Makiki gridiron yesterday afternoon. Mr. Schemmerhorn acted as referee and Mr. Brooks as umpire, and their work

Play started at 3 o'clock and inside of five minutes the St. Louis team had the ball behind their opponents' goal line. Vids failed to kick the goal and the score stood 5 to 6 in favor of St. provement of plantations, in increas-Louis. After the ball was in play again some smart team work by both outstanding bonds or investment in elevens was exhibited and once Elston secured the sphere and made a splensecured the sphere and made a splen-did run around from near the center of the field, and staving off two or three would-be tacklers, got behind the St. Louis goal line. An appeal re-suited on the touchdown being dis-iowed, on the ground that Elston ran out when near the enemy's 6-yard line. A throw-in followed by some hard bunting by the Himas got the ball al-most through and a score seemed im-

minent, but at the desperate moment they lost the ball within a yard of their opponents' goal line. A fine place kick by Long of the St. Louis sept the kick by Long of the St. Louis sept the ball well out into the field, where some more close play was made and Elston with a splendid place kick, sent the ball fair over the bar and evened up the score. In the second half the St. Louis boys, by hard work scored another touchdown, but through carelesaness allowed the ball to touch the ground out in the field and thereby lost it. No further score was registered and the game ended shortly before 4:30 with scores 10 to 5 the St. Louis boys at the long end.

The Leper Christmas fund was augmented just \$50.50 by the Punahou-Alumni football game on the college campus at Punahou yesterday after-noon. Considerable interest in the contest was apparent since the match was arranged and when the boys en-tered the field at 3:30 they were greeted with a storm of yells of encourage-ment intermingled with blasts from the soul-disturbing tin horn in the hands and mouths of enthusiastic ad-

the Alumni eleven and some exceeding-ly smart team work by both elevens was witnessed. At no time during the game was there exhibited any grand-stand plays and at no time did either side obtain a chance to get away with the ball. Both elevens put up their best game, the Punahou team because team work is their best point and the Alumni because of their superior weight and want of practice.

No score was registered during the first half but in the second half weight began to make itself apparent, and the Alumni eleven, by a series of hard bunts, and despite the splendid work of the Punahou boys, forced the ball down through their opponents' country and scored.

The balance of the second half was devoted to similar tactics but without result, and the referee's whistle left the victory with the Alumni team with a score of 6 to nil.

The game was most friendly throughout, entirely free from unnec-essary roughness, and from a spectator's point of view as interesting as a fast, close game can be.

THE STAR BOYS' DINNER.

Yesterday about noon the Star de-Yesterday about noon the Star delivery boys formed in twos at the office on Fort street, rigged out in their best clothes, and the noisy line marched by way of King street to Love's Bakery on Nuuanu street, where they partook of a hearty Thanksgiving dinner. They afterwards paraded the streets in 'buses in a very happy mood, blowing tin horns, and proceeded to the football grounds. and proceeded to the football grounds at Punahou where tickets had been provided for their admission.

THE H. C. C. TRUST DEED.

product of his poultry farm. As to the \$5 refrigerated turkey from the corded Here.

The deed of trust which was flied by W. R. Castle for the new bonds of the The Advertiser wanted to know last night how many turkeys, dicks and week, and upon which the heaviest stamp duties in the Hawaiian Islands Second Battalion, consisting of compa-A tel- Advertiser, is one of the most rigid

It provides for the issue of the \$2,the day trampled down under the iron 500,000 of bonds maturing in twenty hoofs of indigestion. So it was no years from October 1, 1899, and drawuse. But from the way the butcher ing interest at the rate of 5 per cent carts scurried around and from the per annum, payable on April 1st and carried off in hacks it may be set down October 1st of each year. All of the the truth that every family of five lands, franchises, real, personal and in this city, who did not have a turkey mixed property of the Hawaiian Comflock of its own and could not get into its neighbor's, bought a fowl which mercial and Sugar Company are hypothe Metropolitan people had handled. thecated to the Union Trust as security Nearly everyone ate at home, as be- for the payment of the interest and did not either accepted private principal of the bonds, and provision is made for the creation of a sinking fund taurant. There was no end of pri-vate hospitality withal. Honolulu is a year. By special agreement £7500, he native soil of the model host, the or its equivalent, is to be used annual-It would take a newspaper page to discuss this feature of the day's entersus this feature of the day's entersus of 1896, now stated to amount to tainment and the facts couldn't be got £127,300. The remainder of the money at anyway. As to the hotels and resis to be used for the extinction of the taurants, they all did well. They supplied menus fit for Marchand's or the new indebtedness. The Hawaiian Palace Grill at San Francisco-menus Commercial and Sugar Company reserves the right to redeem any or all of a reward the Hawalian had 120 guests, its bonds at the expiration of ten years at the rate of \$110 on each \$100 face value in the eleventh year, and \$1 less during each year to the twentieth. when the redemption price shall be \$101 on the "100 of face value.

Default in the provisions of the instrument extending over six months confers the right upon the Union Trust Company to sell the mortgaged properwith the entire satisfaction of ty. but, on the other hand, when not in default, the sugar company, with the consent of the trustee, may sell any part of its property, the money obtained to be used in the acquisition or imoutstanding bonds or investment in Union Trust Company.

brought to Honolule.

Camara Stubbornly Resists Attack Mrs. Dole Presents Colors -One Man Wounded.

As early as seven o'clock yesterday morning the soldiers of the First Regiment began assembling at the Drill Shed in the rear of the Executive mirers.

From the kick-off the game was a series of hard bunting on the part of the Alumni eleven and some exceedingly smart team work between the coming affray. They were dressed in the usual fatigue uniform consist-



COLONEL J. W. JONES. Commanding First Regiment. (Photo by Williams.)

of Colonel Jones, and the officers of the crossed cannons of the artillery his staff consisting of Lieut.-Col. Mc-Carthy, Capt. George W. Ashley, Quartermaster and Commissary officer, Andrew Brown, Chaplain of the regiment, Capt. Schaefer, Regimental Adjutant, and Lieut. Kenake. Major Zeigler commanded the First Battalion consisting of companies F, B and A, which was to lead the attack, and Major Camara, humorously dubbed as nies H, C and G, bota battalions making up a total of perhaps 225 men. The inspection alignment proved a great showing to the regular army officers present, who were greatly impressed with the completeness of the National Guard system in Hawali. The band under Captain Berger was present in fatigue uniform of white, and played the regiment off to the street cars, on Beretania street, which took the troops as far as the gates of Oahu College. Following the departure of the troops were the wagonettes containing the army visitors and gifts highly. judges of the battle, the officers of the regimental staff, and members of the press. The army visitors were, Asof the Eighth army corps organization in Manila, Lieut.-Colonel Scott, Major Adjutant, Major Curry, Paymaster, Major Rees, Paymaster and Lieut. Schlacter, all of the "Lucky" Fortywere Capt. J. W. Pratt, Capt. Ashley, Capt, Kenake, Capt, Paul Smith, formerly of the National Guard, now of the 40th Regiment, U. S. V., Andrew Brown, Chaplain; E. Norrie of the Independent, L. S. Timmons of the Star and A. P. Taylor of the Advertiser.

THE ARRIVAL.

Disembarking from the tram cars. the regiment was marched through the Oahu College grounds, around Rocky Hill to the makai side of Manoa road and thence through the pasture near the old windmill down to the place where the review and the presentation of colors was to take place. By this time the crest of Rocky Hill was covergood securities to be approved by the ed with spectators, and likewise the billocks which were afterwards occupied by the attacking column near A whooping-cough epidemic has broken out at Walanae, where at least twenty cases are reported, one family having three children sick, one of whom died last night after being for the accommodation of the regiment to Major Zeigier were under the personal supervision of Licut-Col. Scott of the Crown Princeton of Licut-Col. Scott of the supervision of Licut-Col. Scott of the supervision of Licut-Col. Scott of the Licut-Col. Scott of the Crown Princeton of Licut-Col. Scott of the Pope and the courts of Europe generally, the Crown Princeton of Licut-Col. Scott of the Scott of Licut-Col. Scott of L and its friends had been erected, and

in front of these were the carriages containing President and Mrs. Dole, and friends. Colonel Soper and Major Potter of the President's staff were in

At 9:45 Company F marched away from the regiment and came to a halt near the headquarter's tent where Captain Ashley delivered the beautiful new National ensign to Color-Sergeant Naone, and the regiment colors to Sergeant Short. At this juncture the band struck up a quick step and Company F marched back to its position on the right of the line, Sergeants Naone and Short, marching to the front and center of the regiment where they were met by President and Mrs. Dole, the former's staff, and the military judges Col. Wagner, Col. Scott and a.ajor Me-

FLAG PRESENTATION.

Mrs. Dole stepped forward and takng the national colors from Sergeant Naone held them a moment and then returned them to the color-Sergeant,

"I take great pleasure in presenting the First Regiment of Hawaii with the American flag, the emblem of human iberty and freedom."

erican heart as the American flag for it begets in it a reverence for the equality and justice which governs it. It will be our earnest endeavor at all

onel Jones for their short but timely speeches, and Colonel Scott thanked her for her Americanism in the name of his regiment. The National colors are made of rich heavy silks hung on brass-mounted staffs and surmounted by large brass spread-eagles, and bore the inscription in gold lettering. "Ist Regiment Artillery, N. G. H." The regiment Artillery Artillery, N. G. H." The regiment Artillery Art

MAJOR J. M. CAMARA, Commanding Defensive Position. (Photo by Davey.)

service. The regiment prizes these

TAKING POSITION.

Colonel Wagner at 10 o'clock gave the order to the battalions to move insistant-Adjutant General Wagner, who to position for the sham battle. Major will probably become Adjutant-General Zeigler in command of the attacking column consisting of three companies, moved off in the direction of Minister McCoy, Major Lippett, Captain Stuart. Cooper's residence and was soon lost to view in a clump of trees near a craggy hillock which afforded splendid advantages for concealing his movements. fourth. The members of the local staff Major Camara ("Aguinaldo") with the remaining three companies defiled up the slopes of Rocky Hill where he disposed his troops as skirmishers on the mauka and makai bluffs, with reserves on the extreme summits. The local "armored train" consisting of a draywagon, brought to the field two Hotchkiss light field pieces, one of which was assigned to the attacking column and the other was placed in position on the bluff commanding the entire position occupied by Major Zeigler near the residence of Minister Cooper.

Accompanying Major Camara's battation was Col. Arthur L. Wagner, Assistant-Adjutant General, U.S. A., who Hungary this week to visit her bewas to judge the points of strategy trothed, Count Lonyal, in his ancestral and disposition of the detensive troops, from the standpoint of theoretical and practical warfare. The troops of

(Continued on Page 5.)

May Not be Urged in the Messa of the President.

The Law - Makers Will Probably Await the Report of the New Commission

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19 .- A member of the Cabinet is authority for the statement that the President will have little if anything to say in his regular message respecting the Nicaragua canal. He may send a special message upon this question, but even that is not certain. Commenting upon this aspect of the waterway, this member of the Cabinet said tonight:

Col. Jones on behalf of the regiment accepted the colors, replying to Mrs. Dole:

"Let me thank you on behalf of this regiment. The regiment is most fortunate in receiving such an emblem. There is nothing that so stirs the Amittee and the street of the street, it is up to Congress to say what action shall be taken. When, at the last session of Congress, in a cowardly fashion they purchased peace by the appointment of a commission to make another report. There is nothing that so stirs the Amittee and the street, it is up to Congress, in a cowardly fashion they purchased peace by the appointment of a commission to make another report. There was absolutely no peecestic. least. There was absolutely no neces-sity for the appointment of this com-mission, but the men who opposed the construction of the canal were strong enough to defeat any measure unless times, to so conduct curselves that we shall always feel ourselves worthy to carry it. We thank you Mrs. Dole." the appointment of the new commission was agreed upon, and the advocates of the waterway foolishly walked into the trap and surrendered. Con-Mrs. Dole was warmly congratulated gress having directed the appointment by the visitors present, as well as Col-having carried out the wishes of Congress, there is now nothing for the President to do until the commission makes its report. From what I have heard, I do not believe there will be

make the men who are blocking the construction of the waterway show their hands. But I am afraid nothing will be done, and that the tactics of the opposition in wasting time will be

successful."

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Forecast of Some of Its Important Features. WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 20 .-

President McKinley expects to complete his message to Congress within the next few days. He has outlined the salient points of it to the members of his Cabinet, and a practical agreement has been reached as to all questions of policy. The determination to retain the Philippines, it is said, is expressed with the utmost clearness, so that Congress may have no doubt as to the position of the Administration in regard to the matter

According to present intentions, the President will leave the question of ivil government in Cuba for the consideration of Congress, but will recommend immediate attention to the necessity for a stable territorial government of some kind for Porto Rico and

The recommendations as to the gov ernment for the Philippines will not be specific, but it is probable a suggestion will be made that Congress should send a commission there, so that by taking its report, together with that of the commission which recently returned, a system of legislation for the islands may be agreed

The President is working steadily on the first draft of the message, dictating extracts from the Department reports to a stenographer, and writing paragraphs to define the policy of the Administration with his own hand,

President McKinley is a rapid worker, and hopes to have the message in type before Thanksgiving Day. It will be subject to revision, particularly in the historical part, so as to bring the report on the condition of the insurrection in the Philippines down to latest possible date.

STEPHANIE WILL MARRY.

Austrian Crown Princess Defies Her Father and the Pope.

VIENNA, Nov. 19.-The Archduhess Elizabeth, only daughter of the hate Crown Prince Rudolph of Austria, was today proclaimed of age. Her mother, the Crown Princess Stephanic, surrendered her to the guardianship of her grandfather, Emperor Franz Jo-

Crown Princess Stephanie leaves for

Despite the opposition of Franz Jo-sef, of her father, King Leopold of Beigium; of the Pope and the courts

declared of age today, was born deptomber 2, 1882.

The Conclusions of Rear Admiral Bradford.

EASY ROUTE VIA THE ISLANDS

The Tug Iroquote Will Be Sent to Ex amine the Reefs About Mid-

way Island.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15 .- Rear Admiral Bradford has completed the of-Scial naval project for a trans-Pacific supply Congress with all the essential information at the opening of the next seasion that will permit intelligent consideration of the subject and prompt action for the inauguration of

the great work.

All doubt has been removed regarding the practicability of the enterprise by the adoption of Honolulu, Midway and Guam as relay stations on the long line and by the discoveries made from the naval survey ship Nero as to the character of the ocean bed between those points. The sounding instru-ments of this ship disclosed an abyss in the Western Pacific over five miles but a slight divergence from a straight line fortunately developed a route avoiding this insuperable ob-stacle to laying a working cable. At another point, on the same stretch between Midway and Guam, a submerged mountain over 12,000 feet in height was discovered, and a reasonable level road around this was found.

A QUESTION FOR CONGRESS.

The physical practicability of the it only remains for Congress to weigh the military necessities and the commercial advantages to accrue from the construction and operation of the sys-It was represented to Congress be expected from a Pacific cable would not attract private capital unless it had a connection with Australia, Japan and China, as well as with San Fransystem. cisco, Honolulu and Manila. For that reason it was deemed indispensable that the United States should own Kusale or Strong's Island, in the Caroline group, or a cable landing right there to insure the working of a loop to Australia. The absence of this may deter any corporation from undertadeter any corporation from underta-king the operation of a cable across

the Pacific without a heavy subsidy.

The disposition to have an American cable line to Manila has probably be come too strong for Congress to re-sist, and purely as a military safe-guard, aside from the enormous business that must come with the further growth of American trade in the East, it is believed that the new line of communication will be established under Government ownership before the end of another year.

ADMIRAL BRADFORD'S ACCOUNT.

In his annual report to the Secretary of the Navy, which was made public today, Rear Admiral Bradford, Chief of the Bureau of Equipment, having charge of naval cable matters.

says on this subject:

A practical route for a submarine telegraph cable was established between San Francisco and Honolulu some years ago. In order to continue the survey of the route from Honolulu to the Philippines, the United States steamer Nero, under Commander Charles Belknap, United States Navy, was very thoroughly fitted out and equipped for deep-sea exploration at the navy yard. Mare Island, during the early part of the present year. The panying chart, consists in carrying direct lines of soundings, taken at alter- of his death. nate intervals of ten and two knots, from Honolulu to the Midway Islands, line passing back and forth to equal distances on each side of the route, followed in going to the westward, with oundings at intervals of twenty knots at the turning points.

The Nero sailed from San Francisco on May 6. On May 22 she had com-

Along this route, which is 4,812 knots in length, 853 soundings were taken. The characteristics of the bottom soil and the temperature of the surface water were observed at each sounding station, and these, together with the meteorological record of the frequent observations of specific gravity, bot-tom temperature, and currents of the ocean, besides their value in laying a submarine cable, will form an important contribution to the physics of the

Pacific ocean. Two offsets from the projected great circle route between the Midway Islands and Guam were found to be necessary in order to avoid obstacles to a successful laying and operation of a telegraph cubic. The first of these obstuctes encountered is a submarine

surface. The second obstacle is one of the deepest submarine abyses yet found in the world, situated about 500 miles eastward of Guam and sinking to a depth of more than 4,900 fathoms. Reports have been received of the pre-liminary line of soundings from Ho-nolulu to Luzon, and they indicate that the route which is being surveyed will prove entirely practicable. No reports of the soundings taken on the return trin or of any soundings from Guam trip or of any soundings from Guam to Yokohama have been received. The expenses of this survey, so far as this bureau is concerned, have been entirely defrayed from its current appropria-

FURTHER SURVEYS TO BE MADE. A map of the cable route is given with the report. To secure more in-formation about the Midway Islands Admiral Bradford is now fitting out the ocean-going, twin-screw naval tug Iroquois, with surveying apparatus, at Scial naval project for a trans-Pacific exhaustive investigation of Guam, and submarine telegraph cable between the Bennington, which is equipped with surveying outfit, will chart the supply Congress with all the essential where it is proposed to land the Ma-nila end of the cable.

John Hopp.

He Came from Germany Forty-four Years Ago and Never Left the Islands

(From Thursday's Daily.)

day morning in the person of John owner of house or otherwise. Hopp. Up to Saturday last, Mr. Hopp

Mr. Hopp was born in Holstein, Ger-



THE LATE JOHN HOPP. (Photo by Davey.)

Nero is a large steam collier purchased 💿 💿 💿 🗷 🐨 👁 👁 👁 👁 👁 👁 👁 👁 👁 👁 for use during the late war, and on account of her great steaming radius of the vessel's cargo. Arriving here was admirably adapted to make the about 44 years ago, he completed the survey. After a careful consideration work and finding the climate suited to of the subject it was decided that the his health settled down. His wife best route westward from Honolulu to the Philippine Islands was by way of joined him some three years afterthe Midway Islands and Guam, land- wards. For a number of years Mr. ing the cellie at a convenient point on the east coast of Luzon, as near as posini the city, but his only son, the found-sible to the latitude of Manila. It was are of the present firm of L. Honn & Co. also decided as desirable to survey a er of the present firm of J. Hopp & Co., route from Guam to Yokohama. Elab- dying in 1881, he assisted his son-inorate instructions for the survey were law, Mr. E. M. Marshall, in the manprepared. The plan of the survey agement of the business and took an

Mr. Hopp was of a most retiring disposition, but a strong companion and thence to Guam, and thence to Luzon.
and also from Guam to Japan. The
return course to be pursued is a zigzag ed in politics, nor took any active interest in the questions of the day, during the whole term of residence in Honotulu, and from the hour of his arrival here he never left the islands.

Three daughters, Mrs. Marshall, Miss for Honolulu on April 22. She sailed Dora Hopp and Mrs. Gus English, from Honolulu to commence her work whose husband was formerly partner eted a single line of soundings to the with John Emmeluth here, but is now Midway Islands; by July 4 to Guam, located in Oakland, Cal., and five and by August I to Luzon. grandchildren are still living, Mrs. Hopp having died in 1888.

Accidenta Will Happen.

Man wasn't made to suffer, but accidents will happen, and to meet such cases, Nature designed the roots, herbs, gums and leaves for the heal-ing of the nation. Nature's way to treat a cut, bruise or a burn, is to cleanse, draw and heal, and that's the way Kickapoo Indian Salve acts-just as nature acts. It acts that way, because it is Nature's own remedy, compounded from materials gathered in Nature's infallible laboratory; unadulterated, pure and simple. The same ingredients found in Kickapoo Indian Salve were in use for centuries before mountain situated a short distance the Red Men divulged it to the Pale weetward of the Midway Islands, and Face. They healed nations ages ago, they from the floor of the ocean, they set the same today. Hobron Drug which here sinks to a depth of 2,200 Co., agents for the Kickapoo Indian fathoms, to within \$2 fathoms of the Remedies. the Red Men divulged it to the Pale

Preliminary Details Being Arranged at the Bureau.

Questions to be Answered - How the Work Will be Carried

Preliminary details in connection with the census of the Hawaiian Isiands are occupying the close attention Honolulu, to make a thorough examination of the reefs surrounding that small midocean archipelago. At the same time the Yosemite is making an pleted, special agents will be appointof the Bureau under A. T. Atkinson. pleted, special agents will be appointed. No appointments in this direction will however be made for several months, but applications for employment will be received at any time, and filed for reference when the proper time arrives. A certain district will be allotted to each agent and his work will be to call at every house and obtain the necessary information from the occupants, and transfer the particulars to his book which is provided with special rulings for that purpose. The census will be taken on June 1st, 1900, and it is expected that about two weeks' time will be devoted by the enumerators to this part of the work. Following are some of the principal

questions put to the householder by the enumerator: Name, (in full); position in household, (whether wife, child, servant or lodger); personal description, (age, where born and when, married or single); nationality, citizen One of Honolulu's oldest and best or denizen; occupation; education, known residents passed away at his (whether can read and write, (1) Engline being now assured beyond doubt, home on Alakea street at 10:45 yester- lish, (2) Hawaiian); and also whether

It may be mentioned here that all was in good health, and busy in his information given to agents is strictly furniture store, but towards evening, private and will in no way be used as at its last session that the revenue to feeling slightly unwell, he returned a basis of taxation. Totals only are home, never to leave it again, as death used in the returns, but a penalty of followed a general breakdown of the \$100 is provided by law against any false information.

Other schedules are provided for agmany, on the 7th of June, 1828, and was ricultural, stock, fisheries, sugar, some frame houses, which were a part penses per acre, description of product, (whether grown upon trees, such as fruit of all kinds, or in the ground as rice, vegetables, etc.), number of stock, description, age, etc.; dairy products wool, poultry, bees, etc.

The fisheries schedule demands lescription of the districts, method of aking, number of persons engaged, nationality of employees, catches, and the like.

The church returns ask for the naionality and number of members or ommunicants, value of church propery, and how supported.

The school schedule requires the number of buildings engaged; cost, ental, nationality of teachers and number, nationality and number of cholars, average daily attendance, umber of school days. The sugar schedule asks for the val-

ue of plantation and buildings, rolling stock, land and improvements, quantity of water used for irrigation purposes, area of cane land, total production both plant and ratoon cane, number of employees and nationality and also wages paid, besides other matters of similar character.

The penalty set for false information given by corporations is set by law at a maximum of \$10,000 and one years imprisonment.

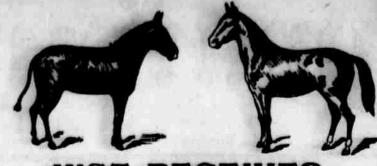
PLANS SUBMITTED.

Model Jail for Honolulu Projected.

Plans for the new jail were gesterjudged necessary to meet the requirements of a tropical climate, the architect has closely copied the present Minnesota State prison, considered one of States. The plans submitted provide for the erection of four concrete and steel buildings, two stories high, and containing 360 all-steel cells, whose doors open outwards into a wide hallway which extends all around the building.

Provision is made for dining hall hospital, chapel and kitchens, all on the most approved plans. Surrounding the entire buildings, a wall of stone eighteen feet high, four feet thick at the base and two feet at the top, is surmounted at each corner with a watcher's tower.

HE KNOWS WHEREOF HE WRITES. An editor prints his paper to give his patrons the news of the day and for the money there is in it. He is presumed to know of what he writes, and he gen-crally does. When he writes as he does in the Leader Convier. Osceola Mills. i'a, without fee or hope of reward, that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy acts magically, and we tound none better in our household. If you have a cough, try it," it may be accepted as an house expression, worthy of credence. For sale by all druggists and dealers; Ben-son Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I



JUST RECEIVED:

EX MAUNA ALA AND S. N. CASTLE.

Head Horses and I

Fine Carriage, Buggy and Dray Horses. Strong, Young and Unbroken Mules.

ON INSPECTION AT OUR PADDOCKS Corner Queen and Alakea Streets.

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Live Stock, Fowls, Feed and Vehicles



exchanged on commission.

Stock for breeding purposes a spe-

Parties desiring to buy or sell any-thing in our lines would do well to consult us. Any information relating to same will be freely given. Correspondence solicited.



THE BUNION SHOE MADE BY HEYWOOD.

The 'Bunion Shoe" is the only shoe in the world that will fit the foot with a bunion or an enlarged joint.

Plenty of room for enlarged joints, closely fitting elsewhere. This describes, in a few words, shoes made on the Bunion Last.

Manufacturers' Shoe Store.

Sign of the Big Shoe. ---- Fort Street.

G. N. WILCOX, Preside st. E. SUHR, Secretary and Treasurer.

J. F. HACKFELD, Vice President. T. MAY Auditor.

day handed in by Architect O, G. Traphagen. With certain modifications adjudged necessary to meet the require-

POST OFFICE BOX 484-MUTUAL TELEPHONE 467.....

the most satisfactory buildings in the We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for

Artificial Fertilizers.

ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND:-PACIFIC GUANO, POTASH, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER, SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist, All goods are GUARANTEED in every respect. All goods are GUABANIAN For further particulars apply to

DR. W. AVERDAM Manager.

Pacific Gnano and Fertilizer Company.



DON'T Spend Your Money ABROAD!

You are making it here.

We beg to announce to the public that we are making great preparations for the coming Holiday Season, and will have a large stock of Weil-Selected Goods from the principal factories of the world. Our buying is done by a concern who have had many years' experience in this business and control the largest trade on the Pacific Coast. We promise our patrons that many We promise our patrons that many new articles in our lines that will be shown in San Francisco can be found in our store. Our stock will comprise

STERLING SILVER,

FINE PLATED WARE. HAWAIIAN SOUVENIR SPOONS,

(New Designs.) HAWAIIAN SOUVENIR CHINA,

(Something New.) RICH CUT GLASS,

FINE BOHEMIAN GLASS,

FRENCH CHINA, GERMAN CHINA,

ENGLISH CHINA.

FIGURES. BRONZES, ORNAMENTS.

JARDINIERS.

And Many Novelties.

All goods sent out as presents will be prepared in a separate department, where they will be put up in the best of style, using fine boxes, paper, etc.

Our Holiday Season will open about the middle of November, which will give our friends on the other Islands ample opportunity. You will be able to give more presents this year because our prices are right.

Special care given to mail orders.

King Street.

Merchant street entrance next to the Postoffice through our Arcade.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

THE WORLD-PAMED BLOOD PURIFIER-IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising. For Scrofula, Scurry, Eczema, Skin and Blood Disca ee, Blackbeaus, Pimples, and Sores of al-kinds, it is a never-falling and permanent cure

Cures Old Sores. Cares Sores on the Neck. Cures Sore Legs. Cures Biackhead or Pimples on the Face

Cures Brackhead or Pimples on the Pace Cures Beurry.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseares.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseares.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all Impure Matter.
From whatsoever cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pairs?
It removes the cause from the Blood and Bone-As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex. the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WOR-DERFUL CURES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in bottles 28.
9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, its—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases—BY ALL CHEMIST and PATENT MEDICING VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTERS DAVE-COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark-BLOOD MIXTURE.

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE. CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mix-ture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are some-times paimed off by unprincipled renders. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug-Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the dovernment Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture." blown in the bettie WITHOUTWHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

GASTLE & COOKE, UA HONOLULU. COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

SUGAR FACTORS.

The Ewa Plantation Co.
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The Kohala Sugar Co.
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The New England Mutual Life insurance Co., of Hoston,
The Asina Fire Insurance Co., of
Martford, Coun.
The Alliance Assurance Co., of Beaton.

FIGHTING IS GOING ON **CLOSE TO LADYSMITH**

Lieutenant Churchrill Wounded and a Prisoner.

WORKING OUT THE PROBLEM OF MILITARY RELIEF

General Otis' Troops Still Pursuing Aguinaido and Winning Victories - The Natives Weakening.

LONDON, Nov. 20 .- A special dispatch from Estcourt, dated November 20, says a report has reached there of a battle at Ladysmith on Wednesday, November 15, lasting from daybreak until 2 in the afternoon. Many Boers are said to have been killed and many are also reported to have been taken prisoners. The British losses are spoken of as much less. Another battle is said to have occurred Thursday and is described as the heaviest yet fought. 'The Boer dead, it is added, number hundreds, while the British losses were comparatively small. A correspondent writes that Sir Redvers Buller is expected to follow a line by sea from Cape Town to Delagoa bay, from which landing place he will, it is predicted, swoop down on Pretoria, the Transvaal capital and end the war.

PREPARING TO MEET BRITISH.

LONDON, Nov. 20.-The present week, according to the dispatches from the front, ought to see a change in the defensive tactics hitherto maintained by the British in South Africa. It is said that the task allotted to General Clery, that of relieving Ladysmith will task his generalship to the utmost The Boers are developing a great deal of strength in the neighborhood of Estcourt, and General Joubert is re-ported to be moving southward him-self in order to direct the movement to repel the British advance, after, it would seem, attempting to isolate Est-

This latter movement is already in progress. The Boers practically sur-round the town. Another small force was discovered at Willow Grange, south of Estcourt, yesterday evening. Major Thorneycroft, with a detach-ment of infantry, made a sortie and engaged the Boers, but with no mate-

which they desired, namely, that Est-court is fairly strongly held and has naval guns in position. The Boers then withdrew out of danger, but re-mained at points commanding the ex-its from the town. the Boers obtaining the information

CHURCHILL A PRISONER.

British prisoners, including the men of the Royal Dublin Fusileers and sevwere large crowds at the railway station, but no demonstration was made. Winston Churchill, who is wounded in the hand, was taken to the Model School, while the rank and file are be-

School, while the rank and file are being sent to the race course.

One spy was lodged in jail. The wounded had been treated at Colenso.

The Boer version of the conflict in which these prisoners were taken says that two British were killed and ten

LONDON, Nov. 20 .- The first definite news regarding the fate of Win-ston Churchill was conveyed to his mother last evening by a representa-tive of the Associated Press. Lady Randolph Churchill had just returned from a quiet dinner with a few friends when the gratifying intelligence that her son is living was conveyed to her. The fact that his wound is not necessarily dangerous and that he is alive in Pretoria caused her the greatest gratification, as she had been hitherto without the least intimation of his whereabouts.

AN ATTACK REPULSED.

AN ATTACK REPULSED.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—The War Office has posted the following telegram from General Sir Redvers Buller to the Marquis of Lahsdowne:

"CAPE TOWN, Nov. 18, 9:25 p. m.—The following is from the general commanding at Pietermaritaburg:

"Today at 8 a. m. the officer commanding our northern outposts reported that the enemy's mounted patrols were advancing across the country from Gourton road to Ulandi, moving on Estcourt. My force stood to arms. The outposts reported various bodies, from 500 to 700 strong, advancing on Estcourt from a northwesterly direction. One party, 500 strong, moved toward the railroad bridge half a mile northwest of Estcourt.

"The outposts fired on the enemy and one of the naval guns fired a rhell at 8,000 yards' range, the shell bursting close to the enemy, who then hurried-

close to the enemy, who then hurrlediy retired.

"'At 12 o'clock reports were re-ceived from three pickets that a large number of Boers were in sight on a hill above Leslie's homestead. The groops have returned to camp."

TREATMENT OF OUR CONSUL.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—A special to the World from Washington says: At the request of the British Gov-ernment the Sigto Department cabled to Consul Macrom at Pretoria, asking if the Transvaul Government would

permit him to take charge of the money sent by England to procure comforts for the British prisoners of war. Upon transmitting the request to President Krueger, Macrum was refused curtly and told that arrange-ments respecting the prisoners must be made through the general in the

Although anxious for news from South Africa, this Government has heard nothing from Consul Macrum

for six days.
It is believed here that the Transvaal Government will not permit him to send news in an open dispatch nor al-

low him to use a cipher. STILL ANNEXING TOWNS.

QUEENSTOWN, Cape Colony, Sat-QUEENSTOWN. Cape Colony, Sat-urday, Nov. 18.—Commandant Olivier, with a portion of the Rouxville com-mando, has occupied Jamestown, hoist-ed the flag of the Orange Free State and annexed the town. General William Forbes-Gatacre, with his staff and the Irish Rifles, ar-

rived here today. CAPE TOWN, Nov. 20.—Advices re-

ceived here show that on Thursday. November 16th, a combined force of Free State and Transvaal burghers occupied Colesburg, Cape Colony, with-out opposition by the residents and proclaimed the district to be Free State territory.

The British troopship Manila has arrived at Durban.

THE PROBLEM OF RELIEF. LONDON, Nov. 20.-General Clery, who is charged with the relief of La-dysmith, is lamentably deficient in cavalry and artillery, though attempts are being made to replace the former by an Uitlander mounted infantry, of which about 1,500 have started for the front.

The popular anticipations here re-garding the relief of Kimberley ap-pear too sanguine. The British force rial result.

The so-called Boer attempt to rush estcourt on Saturday was apparently every foot of which will probably be merely a reconnoissance resulting in contested, if the British attempt a direct advance. So, it is said, that, pos-sibly instead of rushing directly for Kimberley, the British will advance across the frontier in the direction of Bloemfontein, which may thus be threatened. This, it is claimed, would draw off General Cronje's forces and

enable the railroad to be restored. From the presence of General Buller PRETORIA, Nov. 20, (via Lourenzo near General Metheun at Orange river, Marques).—At noon Saturday fifty-six it is anticipated that the main advances will be made on the west side, but, it is added, that unless General

General Buller's late orders to his officers on the subject of their equip-ment are taken to mean that the offi-+++++++++++++++

GREAT

NAMAQUA

LAND

cers are to carry rifles like the troops.

It is reported today that the Boers have attacked Kuruman and sustained heavy loss. It is hard, however, to conjecture why the Boers would waste

ed on the Orange river.

IRISH WITH THE BOERS. LONDON, Nov. 20.—The Irish Transvani Committee has appealed for funds to enable it to send an ambu-lance to the Irish brigade in the Boer

service. The appeal says:

"The Irishmen now fighting side by side with the Boers have lessened the disgrace brought on Ireland by the Irishmen who are so unfortunate as to

be influenced by necessities to fight by the side of England." The appeal is signed by Miss Maude Gonne, Mrs. W. Redmond, T. D. Sullivan and others.

MINE MANAGER'S PRECAUTIONS. PRETORIA. Nov. 20 (via Lourenzo Marques).—The Mining Department has discovered beneath the manager's house at the Ferreira mine a passage leading to a sulte of apartments, forty feet below the ground, with gas and water pipes laid down. This is sup-posed to have been intended to serve as a rendezvous for the employes of the Ferreira mine, in the event of a bombardment of Johannesburg.

A CORRESPONDENT'S VIEWS.

A CORRESPONDENT'S VIEWS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says:
Esteount has remained the center of interest for the last twenty-four hours, since the Dutch ailies are attempting to carry out at the last moment the tactics which might have been most effective a fortnight ago. The War Office bulletin during the forencon tended to minimize the earlier reports of a Boer repulse by the garrison. It of a Boer repulse by the garrison. It was a light outpost affair, with a single shell fired from the naval gun and a hasty retreat of the small force of the enemy. It might have been explained as an unsuccessful attempt of Free State raiders to destroy the railway bridge i half mlie away, if General Hildyard had not reported a large Boer force further back on a high hill. In inference it was plain that the Dutch allies were concentrating sev-eral commandos upon Estcourt and might attack the garrison or draw it

Between the times of the official dispatch could be read the motive of this maneuver of a weak Boer force which was neither reconnoitering nor attempting to carry the neither by was neither reconnoitering nor ac-tempting to carry the position by a sudden rush, but was evidently seek-ing to draw out the provincial cavalry after it a few miles, where it could be entrapped by a larger body in reserve. These tactics, which had succeeded after the battle of Glencoe, failed on second trial. Military men in com-menting upon the affair last evening derived comfort from the practical eviderived comfort from the practical evidence that the British forces were be-coming more wary and suspicious and naval guns were in position. The shell which scattered the Boers' decoys also dispelled the allusion that Estcourt was dispelled the allusion that Estcourt was without powerful artillery and incapable of defense against a Boer gun fire. The naval brigade was on guard, even if the three batteries of field artillery were barely off the ship, with horse soft from a protracted voyage.

The news from Lower Natal is meag-er since the censorship is rigidly en-The news from Lower Nation is discretised in the serious of the censorship is rigidly enforced there. But there is a strong determined, like many other Filipinos in these days, that the administration of his province cannot change too in these days, that the administration of his province cannot change too be effectual. Military men at the serious clubs breathed freely last night, tell Major-General Otis of his loyalty is request that he be paign and would be soon overpowered

RHODESIA

heavy loss. It is hard, however, to conjecture why the Boers would waste ammunition on a viliage far out on the plains, defended by 200 police.

It is further asserted that the Boers have no serious intention of invading Cape Colony, but intend to concentrate their scattered forces with the view of opposing the British advance across the southern border of the Free State.

The presence of the Boers in so many towns in Cape Colony has caused Sir Alfred Milner, the Governor, to proclaim martial law in those places. The British forces have retreated from these points and are being concentrated on the Orange river. earliest battles in Upper Natal, and the retreat from Glencoe. These letters, while well written, contain few incidents of real interest and appear so late that little attention is paid to them. The next mail from the Capeought to have more interesting material, since it will cover General White's unfortunate battle and the loss of Carleton's battelious. General Hillward unfortunate battle and the loss of Caricton's battalions. General Hildyard,
who commands the advance guard of
the relief column, was in the navy several years, and is at home among the
bluejackets. He has been in the army
over thirty years and was with Lord
Woleeley in the Egyptian campaign of
1882, serving as quartermaster general.
He belongs to what is popularly known He belongs to what is popularly known as the "Wolseley gang," but only ranks as major-general in command of a brigade. The real commander of the relief column will be Sir Francis Clery, unless Sir William Gatacre be substiunless Sir William Gatacre be substi-tuted for him. They are division com-manders with the local rank of dieu-cenant-general. Like Lord Methuen, who is in charge of the field force on the Orange river, Gatacre has had larger experience in wur than his two colleagues, having served in Burmah. Chitral and two Soudun campaigns, but he knows nothing of South Africa. Clery was in the Zulu war and Lord Methuen was with Lord Wolseley in Ashantee and Egypt and commanded a horse and field force in Bechuama-land. Other fleutenant-generals under a horse and field force in Bechnand-land. Other fleutenant-generals under Buller are White, Walker and French, and another will be added when the new division goes out under Sir Char-les Warren, who knows South Africa more intimately than any general now on the ground.

THE CHASE OF AGUINALDO.

Native Politicians Trimming Their Sails to the Yankee Wind.

MANILA, Nov. 20, 8:25 a. m .- Only story is known, will prove to have been the Philippine war. General Lawton's division is spread thinly over the territory beyond San Jose, where the tele-graph ends. General Young's two regiments of cavalry are continuing their rapid sweep into the new towns and are being shoved forward to hold the towns—all in a country whose natural difficulties are increased indescribably into an ambuscade before adequate re-into an ambuscade before adequate re-inforcements with field artillery could by tropical rains, making rivers of inforcements with field artillery could by tropical rains, making rivers of creeks and swamps of fields. Wagon transportation is supposed to have been practically abandoned, the American troops living on captured sup piles and the little produce the insur

gent levies have left. Major Samuel M. Swigert's squadron of the Third Cavalry is reported to be engaging a greatly superior force at Pozorrupeo, non-heast of Dagupan. These troops have fought three engagements and are now holding their posi-tion, writing for reinforcements. It is tion, writing for reinforcements. It is believed at headquarters that this force is covering the retreat of the insur-gent leaders to the Binguet mountains; that the insurgents planned to retreat northeast along the Layug road, which is stocked with storehouses, three of which the Americans have had to draw upon en route, and that only the insurgent advance force had passed Lay-ug before the American occupation, the main body of Aguinaldo's army being

within our lines.

The majority of these insurgents may disorganize and pose as "amigos" when the Americans overtake them.

vice clubs breathed freely last night, tell Major-General Otis of his loyalty and contended that the Boers had and incidentally to request that he be missed their last chance in the cam-

by superior numbers and science.

Belated dispatches from the southern frontier of the Free State only served Lieutenant J. C. Gilmore and five of the explain why reinforcements had been sent to East London, and western States gunboat Yorktown, were at

REPUBLIC

MAN MAL PREPARENT

tiow easy it is for young girls to go into the "decline." They eat less and less, become paler and paler and can harldy drag through the day. They are on the steady down-ward course. Iron does them no good; strychnine and bit-ters all fail. They need a food that will nourish them better, and a medicine that will cor-rect their disease.

Scott's Emulsion

is both of these, elegantly and per-manently combined. The Cod-Liver Oil makes the blood richer, and this gives better color to the face. The hypophosphites of lime and soda act as a strong tonic to the nerves. Soon the weight increases, the digestion improves and health returns.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York. ********

Tarlac on November 10. Lieutenant Glimore was living in a Filipino gen

KAISER IN ENGLAND.

He Has a Warm Reception From the Court and People.

PORTSMOUTH, Eng., Nov. 20 .- The German imperial yacht Hohenzollern entered the harbor at 10:15 a. m. today and was welcomed with salutes from the guns of warships and forts. The tragmentary reports reach Manila of Emperor and Empress and their two the operations north, which, when the sons landed at 10:40 and were welcomed by the Duke of Connaught, who the most remarkable campaigning of wore the uniform of the German hussar regiment, of which he is honorary colonel, and by various court dignita

It was a typical November morning chilly and foggy, as the Hohenzollern loomed in sight, escorted by the Ger-man battleship Kaiser Frederich III and a flotilla of eight British torpedo boat destroyers, which met the German boat destroyers, which met the Gen salps outside Spithead.

The imperial yacht flew the British naval flag at her foremast, the German flag at her mizzen and the imperial standard at her mainmast. As she entered the harbor the British admiral's flagship and eight other warships, gaily bedecked manned yards and thund-ered the royal sainte, which was re-turned by the Kaiser Frederich III. A detachment of 1800 soldiers and 900 seamen, forming a guard of honor, was drawn up on the jetty and presented arms as the Hohenzollern was moored alongsise, with the imperial party standing on the yacht's bridge.

standing on the yacht's bridge.

Their Majesties and Royal Highnesses took the train for Windsor at 11:30 amid salutes from the warships, bands playing the national anthems and cheers from the crowds thronging every point of vantage.

The Imperial suite includes Count von Eulenberg, Count von Buelow, General von Plessen, Admiral von Sendenbibran, General von Schell, Colonel Pritzeluitz, Colonel von Rasch, Count von Platen, Lord Churchill, lord-in waiting to the Queen, and the Dowager Lady Churchill.

The Emperor, replying to the Mayor's welcome, said:

Admiral Watson has received an additional and creditable report that Lieutenant J. C. Glimore and five of the captured sallors of the United States gunboat Yorktown. on both cheeks and the Emperor em-braced him while the other royal visi-tors stood on the platform chatting. The Prince of Wales was visibly gratified by the reception accorded to the

The travelers entered the waiting room, whence they emerged a few minutes later and us a royal salute was fired entered the carriages in waiting. The Empress of Germany, Princess Henry of Battenburg and Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein and the Duchess of Albany were in the first carriage. The Emperor followed in a carriage containing sesides himself the Prince of Wales, the Duke of York and the Duke of Consaught.

The crowds cheered enthusiastically and smid more firing of cannon and the strains of the national anthem the imperial party was driven to the castle, entering by the Queen's private entrance. The travelers entered the waiting

Queen Victoria received the imper ial travelers graciously and after a few minutes of affectionate salutation the Emperor, the Prince of Wales, the Duke of Connaught and the Duke of York re-entered the castle quadrangle and inspected the guard.

Islands Participate.

The islands of the Pacific and At lantic Oceans acquired by the United States as a result of the Spanish war, will participate in the exhibits of the American section at the Paris Exposition. The exhibits will be symbolical of the different products of the islands

SON OF AN OHIO MERCHANT CURED OF CHRONIC DIAR-RHOEA

My son has been troubled for years with chronic diarrhoea. Some time ago I persuaded him to take some of Chamberlain's Colle, Cholera and Diarrhoes Remedy. After using two bottels of the 25-cent size he was cured. I give this testimonial, hoping some one sim-tiarly afflicted may read it and be ben-efited.—Thomas C. Hower, Giencos, O. For sale by all druggists and dealers; Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agonts for

The best at the lowest price at HOPP's.

The Best Results In Furniture baying are obtainable from the house that buys at the closest market—buys only such
Goods as are dependable—
whose wearing qualities are
known. One chair may be
dear at Two Dollars, while
another be considered a
bargain at Four Dollars.
The letter is what we call

The latter is what we call "dependable."

We have in stock

Bedroom Sets Parlor Chairs Box Couches,

that may be relied upon as being the best to be had for the money. In other words they are Goods of "known wear."

COOL WICKER **FURNITURE**

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is just the article for verandas, bed, and sitting room. See our display just o hand.

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Is turning out work that is a revelation to our

KING AND BETHEL ST L

J. H. & CO.——J. F.. & CO. UNITED STATES NAVY

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USE THE

ADMIRAL DEWEY'S FLEET was lubricated with

ACUUM OILS

The BRITISH, ITALIAN, JAP-ANESE and other Navies

Vacuum Oils

ADMIBAL CAMABA, has ordered for the CARLOS V. and PELAYO of the Spanish Navy the

acuum

IN THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS the standard of merit is

LIMITED. AGENT FOR THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

Fort and Morchant Streets. King and Bothel Streets.



London correspondence says that General Sir Redvers Buller is expline drawn on the above map from Capetown to Delagon bay, from which swoop down on Pretoria and end the war. The star shows where the Baround Ladysmith.

place he will, it is predicted y is at present concentrated

n Guzette.

SEMI-WEEKLY. TUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS WALTER G. SMITH - - EDITOR.

PRIDAY DEC. 1, 1899

PROBLEMS BEFORE US.

While the Territorial bill might have given the local electorate more to say about the personnel of the higher offices, those who framed that meas are probably thought it wise to keep the reins of Island government well in hand at Washington until the objects of the electorate became better known. There might easily arise voting conditions here leading to the choice of men to the higher posts who would be far less acceptable to the country than those whom a Governor, answerable on the one hand to the Hawalian Senate and on the other to the President of the United States, would appoint. Should it appear that our mixed electorate can be trusted to provide good government for itself, as evidenced by the kind of Legislature it ordains and the success of the municipal and county systems it chooses to adopt, then we may begin to agitate, with every prospect of success, for the wider responsibilities and privileges of Statehood. But Statehood would be quickly tabooed if, through an abuse of the right of such abounding freedom of choice of high officials as the Star suggests, the Island government became a scandal or a menace. It must not be forgotten that we are about to enter upon a difficult experiment and that the dif-Sculties might be increased by giving our as yet untried suffragists—untried under the American system-all the power some of them would like to exer-

COMPLETE SELF-GOVERNMENT.

It is argued that because the colonial Americans began their career as a nation with complete self-government and thrived under it the mixed electo- to practice. In that year, however, the some spiritual or material possession. rate of Hawaii may be safely entrusted | Landtag granted him the money wherewith nearly the same powers. The with to build a reformatory and Eg- to whatever, in his light or in his cases, however, do not seem to us to afford a parallel. Long before the coionial Americans had gained their in- tution, drawn out from the submerged individual hope? dependence they had, out of their own classes, most of them what would have consciousness of what was just and been called hopeless degenerates. The safe, developed self-government along life they lead is the quiet, healthful ideal lines. They did not have to be one of the surrounding peasantry. In tutored or watched as they went on summer they work in the fields every with the work, for by character, edr- day, barefooted and bareheaded after cation and temperament they were fit- the Austrian farmer fashion; in winter ted to undertake the most urgent du-they are taught bench-work and other ties of democracy. With their sturdy indoor occupations, receiving during moral code, their religious convictions, their scorn of the base and unworthy in politics, they formed the best material out of which to make a State that their age afforded.

But suppose they had been a mixed race with the Anglo-Saxon element in members. "The boys have plenty of the minority? What then? The negroes of the South have not been able per day is rather less than 22 cents. to make good use of the suffrage in There is one wing sedulously kept these times, despite two centuries of apart from the rest of the premises white example; suppose in those times where 83 girls are taught." they had outnumbered the whites in the thirteen new States and that the declares on the authority of Dr. Schofelectorate constituted in part by them fel that of all the children who have had been able to choose every official been trained at Eggenburg 84.4 per but the one highest. In that case we should now be considering a more per- ers can judge, leading useful lives and fect parallel. But this journal has too doing honest work in the world. They much respect for the intelligence of the have been fitted to earn their own liv-Hawaiian Star, to whom these considing and are earning it. it would, in such event, find much his- complete, are of a kind to create intertorical cause in the annals of early est in the plan to put the Hawaiian redisposal of our voters.

Franklin would do with their privi- keied. leges, but who can tell what the compatriots of Bob Wilcox and J. W. Bipi-

time enough then to ask in their name will form a belted line around the for wider ones. Those who are placed world." over the many things should first provethemselves faithful over the few. The The thing that strikes returning oldprocess as applied to the Hawatian timers first is the busy look of Hono-

epublic," says the Star, "we should also have accorded to us those privileges which our confreres have." So ritorial bill give us fewer electoral ritories enjoy? What the Star really asks for are the privileges, minus but in the present condition of things is asking too much-more than Hawaii might be able to assimilate, or the United States find itself justified or rewarded in conferring.

OPEN AIR REFORMATORIES.

The proposal to build a new reformatory for boys out in the country is impelled by considerations that have already resulted elsewhere in successful reform work. Miss Edith Sellers, a student of social questions, describes in the National Review "The Open Air Reformatory at Eggenburg," in Austria, the facts about which have so important a bearing on the Hawaiian project that we take the liberty of making brief excerpts. The writer

"According to Dr. Schoffel, the head of the Austrian Home Office, to treat a child as a criminal is simply absurd; if it has gone astray the fault lies not with it, but with its surroundings, and no matter how deprayed it may seem. he scoffs at the idea of its being irredeemable. Let it be placed in wholesome surroundings, be well fed, kindly treated, and have plenty of work to do and it will soon become a different being the doctor maintains. On one point he holds very strong views-if waifs and strays are to be saved they must be taken into the country; nothing whatever can be done for them so long as they are in a town shut up within four walls. They must be forced to lead a healthy life in the open air all day and they must be humanized by tile, a believer or an agnostic, and having aroused, so far as in them lies, a love of country and country waysof animals, birds, flowers and trees, as well as of their fellow-creatures. It Hawaii-better off in health, or forwas not until 1885 that Dr. Schoffel had tune, or employment, or in friends, or an opportunity to reduce his theories genburg is the result."

There are now 300 boys in the instiboth seasons military drill and a common school education. Discipline is patterned on that of the family. The lads are separated into groups of fourteen, each under a head master who is responsible for the conduct of the excellent food and the cost per head

Now as to the results. Miss Sellers cent are now, so far as careful observ

erations are addressed, to think that | These details, though by no means American self-government to ask that form school in the rural districts and all the great offices of the coming Ter- ought to prompt further inquiry. It ritory of Hawali should be put at the certainly seems as if the idea would pay as heavy dividends in character as Any one might have predicated what it would in money received for farm the compatriots of Jefferson and and garden products raised and mar-

Important steamship news comes kane might do with theirs? We hope from Seattle. It is to the effect that at the polls; but this theory, though for the best but we do not know. The for three weeks past"representatives of natives will vote and they may out the Russian Government have been on vote the annexation whites. It is so the Coast secretly looking into the advital a matter, this one of the outcome vantages of the various ports-Seattle. of our Island polling, that the framers Tacoma, Portland, San Francisco and of the Territorial bill acted most wise- San Diego-with a view to finding one ly, as we think, in making the higher suitable for the Pacific Coast terminal officers of State appointive rather than of a fleet of steamers to be built and elective. We get a surer pledge of put on by the trans-Siberian railroad safety than could otherwise have been between Port Arthur, the Russian port 1 1411 in China, and the United States. The The Star demands an opportunity commission is now in San Francisco, it for the voters to show whether they is said, and have disposed of all the are or are not fit to exercise their priv- ports investigated, with the exception ileges. It asks: "How is any one go- of San Francisco and Scattle. Either ing to judge of the capacity of the Ha- one of these will be recommended to wailan voter for local self-government the Russian Government, which is said if no opportunity is given to him of to be back of the enterprise, but which proving that capacity?" But is the op- one will not be known until the report portunity to be withheld? The voters has been made to the home office. The will have all to say about municipal or commission will go Past shortly to arcounty organization; they will also range for transcontinental connection choose the Legislature. If they bear across the continent from the Pacific these responsibilities well, it will be Coast and at Atlantic connections that

"In entering the portals of the great Hawaii and he was falling off a house, and its power is a menace to the sys-

THANKSGIVING DAY.

The feast of the Puritans hasd we should. But is it not intended that the holiday of the people, but the holi-we should have them? Does our Ter- day has not lost the savor of the earlier observance. Men tstih give privileges than the people of other Ter- thanks in a reverent spirit; they crowd the churches as they rarely do upon any other day of public cereone electoral right, of Statehood. That mony; families gather at the paternal board where grace is still invoked in the old fashion. There is, it is true, a new atmosphere of sport and hilarity about Thanksgiving Day but it does There are great powers one of them a not alter the fact that the feast of the Puritans, in both its religious and so cial significance, is still with us. Long may 4t survive the buffetings of time and the attrition of cynical disfavor; far fall the day when it may be stripped of its primary meanings and become the hollow fete time of the madding crowd who see in the most sacred festivals no more than the chance for another afternoon off and for a lively night to follow.

Thanksgiving Day implies, of course something to be grateful for. Now and then gratitude has to take the form of a lively sense of favors to come, but not so in the present era or on this soil. The people of Hawaii can rise to the spirit of the President's proclamation and thank the destiny that shapes our ends for a vast and accumulating store of material good. We have never had a better year. Prosperity has risen like a fragrant emanation of the soil; peace and justice have held sway unchallenged and unimpugned; education has done a more perfect work; floods and pestliences have not visited us; past bitterness has softened and men sundered by politics have become friends. Why should we not give thanks and take courage for the future?

So let all unite in the common jubilation. One may do that whether he is Catholic or Protestant, Jew or genirrespective of his color or his speech. There is probably no one who is not in some way better off for living in Is it not well for him to give thanks darkness, by his reason or by his instinct, he puts his faith and rests his

ANGLO - AMERICAN ALLIANCE.

Whether Great Britain and the in the terms of a definite alliance is an engrossing subject with the reviewers and editorial moralists on both that the ill-feeling caused by mistakes on the part of Britis nistries, by common misunderstandings, by the exigencies of American politics and the partisan tone of text books, has in a measurable degree abated. But whether this change of sentiment will ever lead to joint action in the politics of suggest many things as being pro or con. Perhaps such an alliance would bring down upon the United States the enmity of all the rest of the world; tract the weaker nations into the mysthe sake of peace. It is argued by could never be true friends in politics, but this does not account for the fact that as British commerce and trade have declined the feeling in Great Britain in favor of locking arms with America has increased., The utilitarian of the moment declares that no Ministry in the United Kingdom and no party in the United States could withstand the protest which the opposing political forces-Irish and Germans in America and reactionaries of all kinds in Great Britain-would make practical enough for the hour, could hardly stand the test of a common dan-

One thing is certain: If Great Britain should go down in the abyss where Imperial Rome and no one knows how many other world-powers have van ished, the United States would stand practically alone in championship of the democratic idea. Can she afford to stand alone? Could she have afforded to take Spain by the throat last year if Great Britain had been a fourth-class power? Perhaps, but there would have been danger in the air. One cannot but remember the significant stir among the Continental monarchies when America sent the ultimatum to Spain and the sullen attisee fair play.

it alliance ever comes it will come rith or united self-defense. Undoubtedly every Continental monarchy, whatever temporary ententes there

tems and the aims of autocratic government. If one of these free nations could be crushed the other would soon be attacked in overwhelming force That is one reason why Great Britain, in the light of her newly acquired wisdom, hastens to get between the United States and any threatening coalition. It knows that the Anglo-Saxons must make common cause or be assaulted in detail. Napoleon foresaw this danger when he said that Europe must be either Republican or Cossack. military empire in the disguise of a republic-which are conspiring in every shadow to make it Cossack. Against these armored forces stand the democ racy of Great Britain and the democ racy of America. They are apart from one another, it is true, but they occupy the same "far-flung" defensive line. Could they help coming together if either one were in danger of being driven from that position and compelled to yield to the forces that menace both?

Perhaps an alliance may not be needed in this generation, nor for an hundred years, but when it is needed it will follow like effect from cause. In the meantime the policy that goes fault to find with turkey yesterdayfarthest toward establishing good-will unless the fowl had been embalmed and mutual respect is the best patriot- and refrigerated. ism and the only safety. Americans must put aside the memory of old feuds and remember the objects, vital to us, that Great Britain stands for in the world; while Britons, for their part, must not forget that America is a mighty stronghold of their own basic principles and as such may be needed some day, to help hold common ground

THE COLONIAL BUGBEAR

A colony of the United States, being be so nearly identical with a Territory that it would be absurd to call it invthing else.

in experiences, or in prospects, or in this respect it is like an American Ter- again. ritory; but it also has the right to enact its own tariff and navigation laws. and that is where it becomes vitally different from what an American colony could possibly be. As the Federal This is not surprising inasmuch as big Constitution stands, the revenue laws battleships and armored cruisers must of the United States must apply equal- be reduced in value one-half the mo-Supreme Court so construed the law its capacity to sink one of them un-United States will ever come together of the treaty California "becomes a placent when a little boat appears part of the United States . . instantly bound and privileged by the laws which Congress had passed to sides of the Atlantic. It is admitted raise a revenue from duties on imlawyers who have so far studied the matter and given their views to the resignation. This unexpected move public that the same principle must apply to Hawaii, Porto Rico, the Philippines and any other acquired possessions. The clause of the organic law which says that "all duties, imports the world is an open question. People and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States" settles the matter, both as regards the tariff and the navigation laws, in the latter relation freeing American ships in waters domperhaps on the other hand it would at- insted by United States custom houses from tonnage and import duties. By ommon consent the phrase "the United States," as used in the Constitution. those who oppose the change that two means all territory of whatever politipowers which are rivals in commerce cal organization, which the flag permanently shelters. Only during ad-interim military rule can separate tariff jurisdiction be maintained.

The point is that even if Hawaii were called a colony it would be identified in all its important privileges and immubeing so, no practical reason can be given for calling it a colony or treating part of the Union.

The Spanish charts of the Philippine group did more harm to the American Navy when they led the Charleston into a trap than the whole Spanish fleet was able to do in war time.

There is a tendency in the American ces are, however, that the strategy is a the Samoan group, strategically conhome product, the outcome of the na- sidered. The power that holds Pago tive cunning and military instinct of Pago will dominate Samoa without bethe race. Natural soldiers, the Boer ing put to the trouble and cost of its Generals have studied the tricks of the government, and the power that domtrade for years and are fit, on their inates Samoa will have much to say own soil and within the limitations of about the politics of the South Pacifthe strength at their disposal to cope ic. It would be handy to own the with any European commander.

tade of more than one great power connect San Diego with the Southern rest of Samos than it would be to own when Great Britain said that she would Pacific system and use that place as a the German holdings and be without port of call for Pacific Mail steamers the harbor, running between San Francisco and as the logical and inevitable result of Panama. As the new branch will make a common peril, of the alternative of a short cut from the Guif cotton belt to the seaboard it may be inferred that trans-Pacific steamers will also be included in the Hantingtonian achome. may be, is averse to Great Britain and In that case Honolulu will come into electorate is fair to ail; it involves no fulu's streets. The day has passed the United States because the vast very intimate relations with San Diego

Hood's

It is easy to purge, but that is not what is wanted. A mild but sure and undisturbing cathartic will set Nature to going, and relieve the head, the stomach, the liver and all the organs of the body

Hood's Pills CURE Liver Ills, sick head purging, without pain, without violen

with Hood's Sarssparilla. Sold by all druggists. 25c. Sent by mail on receipt of price, by C 1.43 ood & Co., Lowell, Man

Even the exiled Armenians had no

The automobile is fast anticipating its own future. We now hear of one, in the form of an attachment for carriages, which has a speed rate of fifty miles an hour and another that can be keyed up to almost any gait. Field guns are to have automobile attachments so that horses may be discarded. Automobile bicycles and mail wagons are also coming in.

Mr. Arthur Sewall of Bath, Me., does under the Federal Constitution, would not agree with his former running mate. Mr. Bryan, as to the results of the late election. Mr. Sewall interprets then as an "emphatic indorse-The true colony, as Great Britain or- ment of the policy of the McKinley addains and recognizes it, has local self- ministration." That is the way they government and an appointive Gover. look to the casual man but it is rather nor who, in turn, names some or all of unexpected to hear Mr. Sewall say so. the higher administrative officers. In Evidently he has concluded not to run

The English press does not like the idea of a successful submarine boat and is inclined to pooh-pooh the Holland. ly in all American possessions. The ment a submarine torpedo craft proves when California was ceded to the awares. Great Britain has invested Union, holding that, by the ratification too much in her Navy to feel comthat may put it entirely out of date.

> Mr. Damon, it seems, will not be able to retire from the Ministry of States having declined to accept his of the island. leaves Mr. Lansing as Minister ad-interim, in which capacity the Government will be able to avail itself of his serces possibly up to the time of the passage of the Territorial bill, should Mr. Damon remain away that long.

Senator Hayward of Nebraska is dy ing and the name of William J. Bryan lards to the extent of \$19,000,000, and is mentioned as his possible successor by appointment. Mr. Bryan, as the cent is paid. It is the intention of the most eminent Nebraskan, would naturally fall into the vacancy and would doubtless like it for the assurance given of a stated income while prosecuting his indefatigable hunt for the Presidency. There are some signs, how ever, of a factional protest by the friends of ex-Senator Allen.

nities with a Territory; and that this Philippines but as yet without note worthy results. It is not easy to win decisive victories against bands of forit as anything else than an integral ty into which the armed Tagals are now divided. If Aguinaldo would make war with an Army corps it might be easy to deal with him and bring the campaign to a brilliant end, but that shrewd leader prefers to trust to the methods of warfare which have always proved so successful against the Spaniards.

The general opinion is that if the and foreign press to give the credit of United States only Feeps Pago Pago Boer strategy to outsiders. The chan- harbor it will have the best thing in whole group but the United States is better off in many ways with its great C. P. Huntington is making plans to land-locked harbor and without the

NEW GUINEA WAR.

The Natives Turn Out to Kill Each Other.

the Daily Mail from Sydney, N. S. W., whom he made his home, are his sursays that a disastrous civil war has viving relatives. Mr. Kawelo was real hardship: it may save Hawaii when a Ross Browne could say that he success of Angio-Saxon democracy its wearth, its happiness, its influence and ill-repute.

The United States because the vast success of Angio-Saxon democracy its wearth, its happiness, its influence and ill-repute.

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CUBAN CANE LAND

Pills Not Replanted for Fear of the Usual Revolutions.

POLITICAL TROUBLE KEPT UP

Every One on the Island Who Has Property Wants American Rule in Future.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20 .- Dr. Joseph L. Hance, who for four years preceding the war between this country and Spain was United States Consul at Cardenas, Cuba, has just returned from Cuba. He went there last June to attend to some legal business and to make himself familiar with conditions throughout the island. He fourneved on horseback in almost every

neyed on horseback in almost every part of Cuba, visiting especially many of the large sugar plantations.

"Public opinion in America," he said, "is formed by reports from Havana. There you get only one side of the story, and the least important dide as regards questions of administration. To comprehend the industrial pursuits it is necessary to visit the large agricultural and mining interests of the country, especially the sugar plantations. Sugar is rarely seen on any of the plantations now. In the provinces the plantations now. In the provinces of Havana and Santa Clara 1,000 mills and all the cane have been destroyed Adventurers have promulgated the idea that planters will not have adequate protection in Cuba, and there-fore nothing is being done toward replanting the burned fields, or replac-ing the machinery. This, too, in spite of the fact that some of the best land in Cuba can now be had cheap. Outside of Havana, the political agitation that is kept up is greatly deplored. Every one on the island who has any property at stake desires a continuance of American occupation or any form of government under our protection that will afford stability.

"There is one thing that strikes me, as a lawyer, as being of more importance than laymen seem to be aware of. I think a matter of prime importance is the immediate appointment a commission to thoroughly revise the Spanish code now prevailing in Cuba.'

CUBANS WANT ANNEXATION. WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The first formal suggestion that the annexation

of Cuba is desired by Cubans will be made to President McKinley tomor-A delegation consisting of Alvaristo Mantalvo, a rich Cuban planter, and Francisco Figueras, editor of the Epo-

ca, an annexation paper of Havana. and accompanied by William O. Mc-Dowell, president of the Cuban-American League, arrived here tonight and tomorrow will begin a series of calls on the President, Secretary Root and ports." It is conceded by all great Finance, the President of the United Secretary Gage to discuss the future This delegation represents the Board object of their visit is to secure a re-

of Agriculture of Cuba and the primary duction of the duty on sugar, placing Cuba at least on a par with British colonies under the reciprocity treaty. and such other concessions in behalf of Cuban producers as will enable them to re-establish the industries of the island.

The sugar industries of Cuba are prostrated and mortgaged to the Spanupon this debt an interest of 40 per delegates to have a comfortable bal-ance with which to work the plantations of the Cubans. The delegates have already consulted New York financiers, who have promised to advance the money, providing some as-surances can be given that it will be safe to do so. This, of course, means that the United States should remain in the island indefinitely, and eventually annexation. While the mission of General Otis is pushing things in the philippines but as yet without note prothy results. It is not easy to win

mand" for annexation.

President McDowell of the Cuban-American League, who is an enthus!astic annexationist, said:

"Cuba has but one future, and that is annexation to the United States. The substantial men of Cuba, which, of course, means the property owners, are unanimously in favor of annexation. I propose to take advantage of this occasion to present the matter to Presideat McKinley. If a vote should taken in Cuba under the old Spanish law, which is now in force, and requires a voter to pay taxes to the val-ue of \$25 before he is permitted to vote at the municipal elections, and \$50 to enable him to cast his ballot in the governmental elections, it would be unanimous for annexation."

The Administration will receive the delegation cordially. This is evidently the beginning of the Republican plan to annex Cuba as soon as possible, and thus obviate the establishment of an independent government.

An Old Native Dead.

At 6 o'clock Wednesday morning, Mr. Kawelo died at his home on Alakes street near Merchant. Tuesday morning he was well as usual, but after a short walk he returned to his home, complaining of illness. He continued to grow worse until his death. Mr. Kawelo was an old resident of the city. and was for many years in the employ of the late James I. Dowsett. His wifedied some years ago. One son, who re-LONDON, Nov. 20 .- A dispatch to sides on Kausi, and the niece with

(Continued from Page 1.)

Major Camara had his troops ready for ed that he may at least lose the sight the contemplated attack when Col. of his right eye. Wagner gave the command to his personal aide for the day. Bugier T. W. Merrill, to sound the call to commence action. A Portuguese so.dier in Major wounded at 10:40, Col. Wagner had his Camara's command misunderstood the bugier sound "Cease Firing," as he oborders and blazed away at the unseen served the opposing lines were ap-

THE ACTION BEGINS.

After several minutes' walt, a line of



MAJOR C. W. ZIEGLER. Commanding Attacking Column. (Photo by Davey.)

upon by the field piece of the defensive line. A rapid fire soon followed on the part of the artillery supports, but the skirmishers took up positions behind a ridge of rocks and were not dislodged. Zeigler's artillery was late in getting into action to attempt to silence the opposite gun, but defective ammunition caused considerable delay. The defense contemplated an attack from the center of the opposing force, although a skirmish line was thrown out on their left, which was understood on the part of Maj. Camara, as a feint. However the firing on Zeigler's left became persistent, and the gun on the crest was swung in on them. As a practical maneuver this latter movement could probably not have been accomplished in actual warfare as the gun during its firing upon the infantry advance would have been silenced by the opposing gun, and the defenders would thereby have been deprived of its principal support.

When the supposed feint developed into a general flank attack, Major Camara dispatched a heavy line of skirmishers to the bottom of the hill beyond the windmill, and they took up a position behind the stone wall near President Dole's carriage. Zeigler's force moving in skirmish line through the wooded portion back of the windmill was caught in an enfilading fire at this juncture, but rapidly changed front and reformed their advance line

behind the old shanty.

THE VIEW OF THE BATTLE. From the crest of the hill the view of the battle was superb; heavy volleys from bota sides were fired fast and furiously covering the contested field with a thick pall of smoke. The artillery on the hill had its attention divided between the opposite gun which it was endeavoring to silence and which, although lightly supported, was a strong feature in covering the attack, and the infantry advance, now a general one along Major Camara's right flank. Steadily advancing from the shanty and through the woods Zeigler's command encountered Camara's advance line behind the stone will, which had gone into close action for a counter.

THE FIGH" AT THE WALL.

The fight over the stone wall was fiercely contested, and resulted in a retreat of Camara's skirmishers to the protection afforded by the skirmishers half way up the hill. At this point Camara's reserves began heavy firing on Zeigler's advance, sufficient, had it been actual warfare to have annihilated it before it reached the base of Rocky Hill. Here the defense was spirited and heavy volley firing on both sides hid both bodies of troops under a heavy mantle of smoke. As the skirmishers retreated up the slopes the attacking column advanced with a hurrah rapidly climbing up toward the rocky ridges on the extreme makai side havior and tractability was evidof the Hill, where they met with a stubborn resistance.

A SOLDIER WOUNDED.

Sergeant Peterson of F company was ahead of his company, and had reached within a very few feet of the ridge when he came face to face with the opposing forces. Quick as a flash a gun was fired unintentionally into the daring man's face-so sudden was his appearance that the gan fired by the soldier was fired without its possessor having an idea that one of the opposing force was so close upon their position. As the combatanta were within but a few feet of each other, the charge eyes, completely closing them, the right eye seemingly suffering most. The cise

regiment surgeon, Dr. Garvin, at once attended the wounded man and bandaged up his eyes and face and sent him into town for immediate medical treatment. The right eye is badly damaged, and the blood flowed copiously from it, and fears are entertain-

Just as Sergeant Peterson was proaching too close to one another. The rifles here and there gave out a desultory sput as the smoke cleared skirmishers was thrown out by Major friendly step, and drew up in review at Zeigler which were immediately fired the base of the fiercely contested, and * * * * * * * seemingly impregnable Rocky Hill, and the great sham battle was done.

OPINIONS ON STRATEGY. The judges of the merits of the opposing lines of strategy agreed that the position occupied by Major Camara was admirably adapted for defensive purposes, and being such his men should not have been exposed as much as they were, especially his reserves. which occupied a position in front of the highest eminence instead of behind it, exposing it to the opposite artillery fire, this being accentuated by their diversified uniform. Otherwise the disposition of skirmishers was well done, and his counter attack at the stone wall was a fine piece of strategy. As to Major Zeigler's plan of attack, it was well carried out, especially in the first movement which appeared to be a feint upon Camara's right flank, but later developed into a massed attack engaging his entire left wing. The sortle against this movement was well timed, and in actual engagement would have held the advancing force while the reserves would

organized the attack. As to the artillery, its mission on both sides should have been to silence the guns, thus putting them out of the fight entirely on both sides. Maj. Zeigler's attack all through was well conducted, but, as the judges declared, the

have poured in a galling fire and dis-



CAPTAIN GEO. W. ASHLEY. Aide-de-Camp. (Photo by Davey.)

equal forces and artillery on both sides. and the splendid defensive position were such as to make a successful attack impossible.

THE JUDGE'S DECISION.

The decision of Col. Wagner, Col. Scott and Major McCoy was rendered to Colonel Jones after considerable consultation on the part of the judges and is as follows:

REPORT OF JUDGES.

"The flank attack along the stone fence would have succeeded in driving the defenders back to their main position. Only a part of the defensive force would, however, have been compromised and defenders would have peen in position to resist stubbornly.

Owing to the strength of the de ensive position and the losses already encountered by the defensive, the latter did not have the numerical odds necessary to carry the position and the attack would have failed."

"The attack under the natural conditions as suggested by the topography of the country," said one of the judges would invariably fail, as the defense had by all odds the best of the fight from beginning to end. The attacking party could have been completely annibilated."

Col. Wagner said that "the National Guard of Hawaii compares favorably with the National Guard organization of any State in the Union. Their beence of a high intelligence in military matters."

President Dole and all the military visitors were greatly pleased with the strategy displayed on the part of the battalion commanders, and the discip line which prevailed among the mem bers of the guard.

Colonel Blount's Book. An item in a Southern paper states that Colonel Blount, formerly paramount commissioner here, is writing a day. American 267, British 109, Gervolume of political reminiscences, mans 188, Scandinaviana 37, Austrians Several chapters will be devoted to an 189, and other nationalities 66. Total explanation and defence of his course of 35,987 divided among the Islands as of powder entered Sergeant Peterson's in Hawaii. The book ought to sell well follows: Oahu, 7,093; Maui, 7,762; Moin these Islands if it doesn't anywhere lokal, 778; Lanat. 499; Hawaii, 12.640.

New Zealanders Want a Hand in the Deal

Matter That Affects the New Oceanio Mail Line Arrange ment Brought Up.

WELLINGTON, N. Z., Oct. 28.— There is a general idea here that the Oceanic Sceamship Company of San Francisco is endeavoring to disconnect the Union Steamship Company of New Zealand from the San Francisco mail Zealand from the San Francisco mail service, and a warm controversy is in prospect. New Zealanders are very favorably disposed toward Americans, but the threat is made that any attempt in the direction indicated will lead to the re-establishment of the Vancouver line and the consequent diversion of the Australian traffic from San Francisco.

San Francisco.

The Oceanic Steamship Company has an agent here in the person of Mr. Witheford of Auckland, who recently returned from England via America, and Messrs. Spreckels and Mr. Witheford are in close communication by cable, and the latter is also in touch with the United States Government in connection with the matter. Evidenty the Oceanic Steamship Company intends a big scoop in connection with the Hanna-Payne Phipping bill, but New Zealanders want, at all events, a third interest in their own mall ser-

During the closing hours of the Nev Zealand Parliament the other day, th following resolution regarding an im-proved service was agreed to: That this House authorizes the Gov-

ernment to extend the San Francisco mail service for twelve months from the 1st day of April, 1900, on the present terms and conditions, as set out in the contract agreements dated the 11th day of April, 1899, and the 20th day of July, 1899, and published in Parliamentary Paper F.—6, 1899, page Government to enter into negotiations for a sixteen and for a seventeen day's service once every four weeks, and weeks and once every three weeks, by vessels of not less than 4,000 tons, be-tween Auckland and San Francisco, for a period of five (or seven) years, commencing about April, 1901, provided that at least one British-owned sale ten new cylindrical tanks, 6 feet steamer shall be employed in either diameter by 5 feet deep, with conical service. The result of such negotia-tions shall be submitted to the House for confirmation pext session, and shall have no effect till approved by

In answer to a question whether Messrs, Spreckels & Co. had made any Messis. Spreckels & Co. and made any offer to the Government in record to a service, and if so what the Ministers it tended to do, the Premier said an offer had been received for a service to start in December next. New South Wales was included in the offer and had not yet had some to cons'der it. This offer would eave the company

SUGAR SUMMARY.

The Crop of Hawaiian Islands for 1899-1900

The Board of Agriculture, through Mr. Wray Taylor, has issued a report news. of the sugar crop of Hawaii for 1899-1900. A summary of the skilled and unskilled labor employed on the plantations is also given as the following

Hawaiian Islands (1838-1899)—Cahu, plies are anxiously looked for. Over 45.820 tons, with Ewa (22.334). Oahu, 1,100 tons are either due here or on 45,820 tons, with Ewa (22,334), Oahu 7.935) and Kahuku (7.008) leading Maui, 54,389 tons, with Haw'n Commercial (16,621), Pioneer Mill (19,589) and Wailuku Sugar Co. (7,412) leading. Hawaii, 117,239 tons, with Haw's Agr. (12,157), Walakea Mill Co. (9,131), 110nokaa Sugar Co. (9,111), Onomea Sugar Co. (8,404) and Hakalau Pl. Co. (8,980) leading. Kauai, 65,359 tone with Haw'n Sugar Co. (14,350), Lihuc Pl. Co. (13,333) and Makee Sugar Co. (9,350) leading. Total of 282,807 tons.

Statement of the sugar crop (estimated) of the Hawalian Islands (1899-1900)-Oahu, 58,900 tons, with Ewa (24,000), Oahu Sugar Co. (14,000) and Waialua Agr. Co. (6,000) leading. (Honolulu Sugar Co. mentioned as a new plantation). Maul, 59,350 tons, with Haw'n Com. & Sugar Co. (16,000), Pioneer Mill Co. (14,000), Walluku Sugar Co. (7,100) and Pala Pl. (4,000) leading. (Kihel and Nahiku mentioned as new plantations). Molokai (Am. Sugar Co. and Kamalo mentioned as new plantations). Lanai (Maunalei Sugar Co. and Palawai Dev. Ass. mentioned as new plantations). Hawaii, 119,953 tons with Hakalau Pl. Co. (11,000), Honokaa Sugar Co. (9,500) and Haw'n Agr. Co. and Hamakua Mill Co. (each 9,000 leading. Kauai, 66,400 tons with Haw'n Sugar Co., Libue and Hanamaulu (combined) Mills (16,000 each) and Makee Sugar Co. (10,000) leading. Total of 304,663 tons or 21,796 tons over

season of 1898-1899. Number and nature of all labor on Hawalian sugar plantations up to October 21, 1899-Hawalians, 163 contract 1125 day and 28 women; Portuguese. 153 contract, 1618 day, 139 women and 252 minors. Japanese, 17,547 contract, 5.741 day and 2,366 women. Chinese, 2.768 contract, 3,201 day and 10 women South Sea Islanders, 19 contract and 69 and Kausi, 7,365.



HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agenta.

The pumping plant on the Gear-Laning tract at Kaimuki is now in good

A great deal of sickness is reported at Olaa and Puna owing to the turning up of the soil in new agricultural work.

duties. Catton, Neill & Co., Ltd., offer for

David Kaai, one of the crew of the steamer Hawaii, was drowned through ed the street. It was a good while be the capsizing of the steamer's boat at

Dr. Mary Roberts Smith, who made summer's stay in these Islands two ears ago, is conducting a Home Study Circle for the San Francisco Call.

The Kihel stockholders met yester-day and accepted the amended grind-ing contract with the Hawalian Com-mercial Company at \$12.50 per ton.

The Nippon Maru is due from San Francisco tomorrow with five days' la-ter news; it is probable a transport

Definite news is expected by the next mail as to the identity of the Ha-

The O. R. & L. Co. coal supply is Statement of the sugar crop of the running low, and long delayed sup-

> Sugar report, New York, November Raw, steady; fair refining, 3 3-16c bid; centrifugal 96 test, 4%c. Refined, steady; crushed, 5 11 16c; powdered, 5 4c; granulated, 5 3-16c.

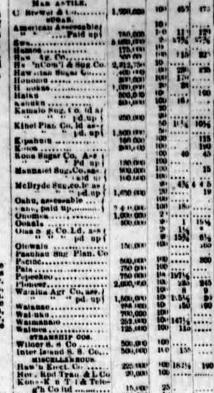
> meeting decided to enter into a three years' compact with the other clubs, and also that no limit be placed on the shell for the senior crew.

> by the Australia yesterday for San Francisco, where he will take command of Wilders' new steamer, the Kalulani, and bring it to the Islands.

Honolulu, encountering a heavy storm last night previous to sighting Oahu. Most of the officers and men were sick throughout the trip.

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

The debilitating effects of a warm The debilitating effects of a warm climate and exposure to all kinds of weather are sure to bring on disorders of the blood and weaken the system. Mr. Charles Geddes, of Mt. Malcolm, W. A., sends us his photograph, and tells of a sure cure for these conditions.



To cure constipation, biliousness, indigestion, and sick headache, there is no remedy equal to Ayer's Pills.

Prepared by Br. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lewell, Mass., U.S.A.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

running order.

Captain Fuller is having a busy time in the harbor at present handling the transports in addition to his regular

bottonis.

Honomu, on the 23d inst.

A young hedge of hibiscus bordering Kawaiahao Church grounds is

will be in before with one or two days'

wailan schooner reported to have arrived at Montevideo with her crew in

e way.

The Myrtle Boat Club at its recent

Captain Jacobsen was a passenger

The Hancock and City of Puebla both experienced extremely rough weather between San Francisco and

TAME OF STOCK | C-STOCK | POT | COL. ACT

MAR APTILE.

Wainase
Wainase
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Wainase
Waines
STRAMBIF COS.
Wilder S. S. Co.
Inter le and S. S. Co.
Mer. Rot Trac. & L. Co.
Mer. Rot Trac. & L. Co.
Mer. Rot Trac. & L. Co.
Musa R. T. & Telegram Co.
Musa Proposor Co.

Musas Ferepaone Co., Makaba Cof Co. L. asa. Paid up.... O. R. & L. Co. People's Ics & Ref.Co.

· 2 1-10.

Session Sales—Morning Session— One hundred Walalua, assessable \$85 S. 30; 15 Walalua, assessable, \$86 Afternoon Session—Five hundred O.
R. & L. bonds, \$105; 2,000 Hawaiian bonds, 6's, \$101.50; 25 Kihei, \$10.50; 5 Hawaiian Sugar Co., \$230.
Outside Sales Reported—Fifty Waialua, assessable, \$86 S. 30.
Quotation Changes—Thirty-three.

Flood on Merchant Sire t

formerly occupied by the Woman's Exchange on Merchant street and broke it off. Water spouted up in a great fountain, rising above the top of Pepeekeo.
Passengers and PACKAGES ONLY ed the street. It was a good while be-fore the flood was shut off and in the hoe. meantime the city water had gone to waste at the rate of 2000 gallons per minute.

A Chinese Commissioner.

The local Chinese merchants have at 5 p. m., touching at Lahaina, Kahuraised a fund with which to send a
commissioner to Washington. James
W. Girkin washington. James above named ports, arriving at Hono-W. Girvin was asked to go and had lulu Sunday mornings, about made up his mind to do so when Will call at Nuc. Kaupo, once each making a fine growth since it was about made up his mind to do so when supplied with water from the flowing he was offered a letter thing in the he was offered a better thing in the census office. The object of the Oriental merchants is to seek legislation to permit freer passage between China and Hawaii of Chinese who belong

Makaweli Plantation STORE.

store will offer for sale the largest and best selected stock of American, Euro-pean and Oriental goods ever brought China, Cut Glass and Sterling Silver-Ware, Drawn-work, Battenberg Lace, Fine Leather Goods, Satchels and Traveling Bags, Fancy Lamps, New Books, Wicker and Oak Chairs, Fancy Tables, Chiffoniers, Children's Toys, etc., etc., at prices within the reach of all.

Don't forget the day—DEC. 4th, 1899,

at 9:30 a. m.

PRICIPITATORS FOR SALE.

TEN NEW CYLINDRICAL TANKS, 6 feet diameter by 5 feet deep, with conical bottoms. CATTON, NEILL & CO., LTD. 5404—2129-2t

Pacific Mail Steamship Co. Cocidental & Oriental Steamship Co. AND Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned: FOR JAPAN AND CHINA: FOR SAN FRANCISCO:

DEC. 28 GAELIC .. HONGKONG MARU CHINA DORIC DORIC NIPPON MARU RIO DE JANEIRO FEH. 16 COPTIC PEB 24 AMERICA MARC ARCH 6 GARLIC ARCH 14 HONGKONG MARU AMERICA MARU MARCH 32 CHINA MARCH 30 DORIG

For general information apply to H. HAOKFELD & Oc.,L'd. I

Honolulu, H. I., Nov. 29, 1899.

Should be in the packet of every wearer of a Watch.

Many years' handling of Watch convinces us, that price considered The Elgin is the most satisfactory of American Watches.

Cased in . .

NICKLE, SILVER, GOLD FILLED AND SOLID GOLD. We have a full line and sell them

at right prices. ELGINS reach us right.

ELGINS reach you right. Elgins stand for what is right in time keeping and lasting qualities, and that is why we are right in pushing the Elgin Watch.

H.F.WICHMAN

BOX 342.

TIME TABLE S. S. KINAU,

FREEMAN, Master. MOLOKAI, MAUI, HAWAII.

OTICE-CHANGE IN SAILING OF SIEAMER KINAU.

On and after Tuesday, Nov. 6, the steamer KINAU will sail from Honolulu on Tuesdays at 12 noon,for Kauna-kakai, Lahaina, Maalaea Bay, Kibei, Makena, Kawaihae, Mahukona, Lauphoehoe and Hilo.

Yesterday afternoon a dray ran into a hydrant in front of the building ports, arriving at Honolulu on Satur-

days.

Passengers and freight will be taken
Passengers and freight will be taken for Makena, ...ahukona, Kawaihae, Hi-lo, Hakalau, Honomu, Papaikou and

S. S. CLAUDINE.

CAMERON, Master.

Will leave Honolulu every Tuesday

month.

S. S. LEHUA. BENNEIT, Master.

MOLOKAI, MAUI, LANAI. Sails every Monday for Kaunakakai, Kamalo, Maunalei, Kasaupapa, Lahaina, Honolua, Olowalu. Returning, ar-rives at Honolulu Saturday mornings.

This company reserves the right te ON MONDAY, DECEMBER 4th, AT ure and arrival of its steamers WITH-9:30 a. m., the Makawell Plantation OUT NOTICE, and it will not be retherefrom

Consignees must be at the Landings to receive their Freight; this Company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed. Live Stock received only at owner's

This Company will not be responsible for Money or Valuables of passingers unless placed in the care of Pursers.

risk.

unless placed in the care of Pursers.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those falling to do so will be subject to an additional charge of twenty-five per cent.

The Company will not be liable for loss of, nor injury to, nor delay in, the delivery of baggage or personal effects of the passenger beyond the amount of \$100.00, unless the value of the same be declared, at or before the issue of the ticket, and freight is paid shereon. the ticket, and freight is paid 'hereon.
All employees of the Company are forbidden to receive freight without delivering a shipping receipt therefor in the form prescribed by the Company and which may be seen by shippers upand which may be seen by shippers up-on application to the pursers of the

mpany's steamers.

Shippers are notified that if freight to shipped without such receipt, it will be solely at the risk of the shipper. C. L. WIGHT, President. S. B. ROSE

CLARKE,

***************** Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Water Closets, Sinks, Hot Water Tanks, Radiators, Tile and

CAPT. T. K.

General Supplies. Welle for our estimate on anything ou need. We buy all our material Sheriffs', Re zeivers', Trustees' ad Assignees Sales, Our Prices are One Hait of Others, We Challes the No. 12 on an land

CHICAGO HOUSE WRECKING CO. 15th and I up 5:s. CHICAGO -----

Mives are a terrible terment to the little folks, and to some older once Denne's Cintment nover fails. Instant solid and permanent cure. At any

All Germany Now Wants

People and Press Join in a Move ment Which Has Been Conducted with Great Skill.

BERLIN, November 18.-The reassembling of the Reichstag Tuesday caused hardly a ripple on the surface of political life. It seems that neither the Reichstag nor the Government is anxious for conflict over the pending measures concerning which there is much heated difference of opinion.

The movement to increase the navy has not lost its vigor. The agitation started by the Emperor is being skillfully managed. Captain von Heeringen of the Berlin Ministry, who has done most of the literary work connected with the matter, has, by the Emperor's orders, published a pamphlet arguing powerfully for the necessity for a large navy. By a liberal use of parallel columns he shows that the navy should at least be doubled in order to accom plish its proper work. The Emperor's affection for this naval officer was shown when, speaking to a naval attache of a foreign power, he said "Heeringen is my Captain Mahan."

Captain Heeringen has gone to Munich to explain to the Prince Regent of President's Action Indicates the Bavaria, the features of the naval plan and its necessity. He also goes on the same mission to Stuttgart. Carlsruhe and Dresden. In the meanwhile the sentiment of the nation in favor of the pian is steadily growing and the bulk of the press is apparently being convinced. A number of popular movements in support of the plan are being arranged including one for lectures in all the important cities under the auspices of a score of the most prominent persons. Among the lecturers who have offered their services are Admiral Schmoller. The papers are filled with communications from all sorts and conditions of people advocating the increase. In one of these in the Kreuse Zeitung, Count von Riechenbach says: "The Kaiser is the best naval expert. It is only necessary to vote as he bids."

As a matter of fact, the movement may be said to have won even before the Reichstag has anything to do with it. This is shown by the fact that all the navy yards are working to the utmost and that new shipyards are being started at Bakeemen. The Vulcan works have established a branch at Gesstemund. It is said in naval circles that the consent of the Reichstag has not been waited for, as it is assumed the Emperor's plan will pass. The Vorwaerts decisively says: "The Krupps, while professing great patriotism, have not scrupled to make enormous contracts for the construction of new navy yards in Russia, being assured of an Carnegies, the latest and best steel plates, which have been found better than the Harveyized. This," the Vor-

The Officeuse Post reproduces from American papers statements that the strengthening of the United States' Britain in the Far East. The Post asserts that the statements are trustworthy, and says that the recent denials of Administration speakers in the West are not worthy of consideration.

The papers here assert that the results of the Philadelphia congress are nil. The correspondence of the Cologne Gazette to this effect is widely produced. The papers also claim that Germany must have more colonies, and say it is nonsense to maintain that the earth is divided up, as a new division is impending in colonial possessions. The Netherlands colonies are pointed to as among those that cannot much longer be kept from a new division, saying that the candidates for these rich colonies are Great Britain and Germany, adding that the latter has the better chance.

THE CHARLESTON.

The Culgon Goes to the Aid of the

Wrecked Cruiser. WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.-The Culgoa started today from Hongkong for the wreck of the cruiser Charleston. Naval officers here believe she carries force of wreckers in accordance with Admiral Watson's directions and at least sufficient plant to make a thorough examination of the bull of the ship. If she can manage to approach the wreck and lift off the big turret gans it is believed that the Charles-ton can be floated. The main source of anxiety is the weather, which at this time is likely to be stormy.

A FASTER AUTOMOBILE.

One Runs a Hundred Miles Withou Hecharging.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 18 .-- A practical demonstration of the adanced power of electric motors,

THE KAISER WINS applied to automobiles has just been given over the South Jersey bleyele course. The record for the best previous performance of a storage battery in an automobile, being double the weight in both battery and vehicle to that used here, without recharging, eighty-seven miles, made during the summer in France by Count Chaesa-iant Lawbert, was eclipsed, the automobile making 100 miles without having the battery recharged.

People and Press Join in a Move
The automobile used in this test was a runabout and weighed complete 2,200 acts About the Life History of a

The automobile used in this test was a runabout and weighed complete 2,200 pounds, of which the batteries weighed 1,000 pounds. With two passengers the total weight was about 2,500 pounds. The total time for the dis-tance was 7 hours, 44½ minutes, which included twenty minutes' rest.

ISLANDS EXHIBIT AT PARIS.

Those Taken from Spain by the United

CHICAGO, Nov. 18 .- Secretary of State Hay today notified Commissioner General Peck that the islands of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans acquired by the United States as a result of the Spanish war are to participate in the exhibits of the American section at the Paris Exposition in 1900. The exhibits will be symbolical of the different products of the islands.

McKinley Disapproves Damon's Resignation

Confidence Reposed in the Former Minister.

WASHINGTON, November 17 .- The President has refused to accept the resignation of Mr. Damon, the Hawaiian Minister of Finance, and that official will remain in office at least until such time as Congress provides for a system of government for the Hawaiian Islands. Mr. Damon's resignation was tendered at a time when he was in Werner and Professors Wagner and Italy, seeking to secure the emigration to Hawaii of Italian laborers.

This pursuit was in the interest of an organization of planters and capitalsts, and it was thought to be scarcely fitting that the Minister of Finance should engage in such outside matters The resignation was tendered under these conditions, but as Mr. Damon has since terminated the connection between himself and the organization referred to the reason for its acceptance at once disappeared.

When the attention of Mr. Theodore Lansing was brought to the above dispatch, he expressed himself as surprised at its contents. He had not been aware of it until yesterday afternoon. 'Nothing," said he, "can be done today, being a holiday, and consequently no meeting of the Cabinet has been called to consider the question. Furthermore the official communication upon the subject from Washington would necessarily pass through the hands of annual profit of 27,000,000 rubles by the the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and I Russian Government. The same firm have not been apprised of any such

about town relative to the dispatch waerts remarks, "shows a wonderful in refusing to accept Mr. Damon's resigcombination of business and patriot- nation, inasmuch as the former has naval resources at Manila is intended has been terminated so that his cabinet for the purpose of supporting Great duties will not be interfered with, there is no official barrier to his remaining in office as Minister of Finance.

> One construction can be placed upon the President's action-that it is certainly a high tribute to the integrity of the former Minister of Finance, and is clear evidence of the confidence which the Washington administration reposes in Mr. Damon. It makes another anomalous feature in the present local situation, but there is little doubt that Mr. Damon will ask that his resignation to the Hawaiian Executive be accepted by McKinley as that no new complications will arise.

KENTUCKY REPUBLICANS.

Democrats of the State Concede Taylor's Election.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 18.-At Glasgow today Judge Jones rendered time, and then turned his attention to his decision in the Nelson county case, granting the writ asked for by the plaintiff, William S. Taylor, directing the precinct election officers of that county to correct the error in their county to correct the error in their certificates and make a true certifica-tion of the votes cast in their respect-ive precincts for William S. Taylor, heretofors certified by them as William

P. Taylor. The Democratic newspaper figures today for the first time show plurality for Taylor on official returns from 118 counties, Jefferson being the only missing county. The Republican can-didate has a plurality of 261. In these figures the unofficial vote of Jefferson

acts About the Life History of Man Who Once Held Important Local Offices.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The death of Mr. Henry Poor, while not unexpected by his immediate triends, came as a surprise to most of the community. Mr. Poor died yesteruay morning at 6 o'clock after an illness extending over two years. He was well known in Honolulu and hroughout the Islands, having since als youth held many positions of private and public trust, up to the beginning of revolutionary days and the overthrow of the monarchy, of which he was a supporter.

was a supporter.

Henry Poor was the eldest son of Mrs. C. F. Bush of this city. He was born here June 8, 1856, and was 43 years of age at the time of his death. Mr. Poor received his early education under Mr. Gulick, Sr., father of the late Charles T. Gulick of Honolulu, He afterwards attended Punahou College at that time under the direction of Protessor Church. He left school, how-ever, at the age of 15 and entered the banking house of Bishop & Co. as a clerk, where he remained about eight years. At that time, owing to ill health, Mr. Poor first visited the United States, where he spent some three months. When he returned to Honolulu he entered the mercantile house

At this time he was selected by the Government to act as secretary to Hon. C P. Iaukea, the head of the Hawaiian Embassy to the coronation of Alexander III. of Russia. Continuing from there he made a tour of the world, visiting the greater part of Europe, India, Japan, Egypt, the United States and England and meeting many great personages there. His visit to India was immediately connected with the question of securing a labor supply for the plantations of Hawaii. While abroad Mr. Poor received sev

eral foreign decorations, among which were the Order of the Rising Sun of Japan, the Order of Simon Bollvar of South America, an Austrian and a Rus-Hawaii and Order of Kapiolani. Dur-ing his absence in foreign lands he wrote long letters to his mother descriptive of his travels which are said to be very interesting, showing as they did how a native Hawaiian was compelled her to do—to eat? impressed with foreign customs and

Upon his return Mr. Poor became clerk in the Supreme Court, taking the place of Mr. Fife, where he remained until he was trans erred to the Postal Savings Bank. He there began the system of bookkeeping which is still continued in use.

Shortly after his return from first visit to the United States he fell heir to the sum of \$15,000 from the George Penbody estate. This money he invested in the Kapahula ranch, near Diamond Head, which was re-cently purchased by W. C. Achi & Co. During the time Mr. Poor was employed in the postoffice and savings bank he was selected to act as secretary of Mr. J. E. Bush, head of the faalso sold the United States, through the communication having been received." mous Samoan Embassy. It was in this capacity that Mr. Poor very nearly lost Widespread interest was aroused his life in dealing with the mutinous crew of the Kaimiloa. He was seized and the action of President McKinley by the mutineers one day as he boarded the vessel alone, thrown to the deck and his life threatened with drawn weapons, but at that momen evidently considered the tender of the the sound of coming oars was near latter's resignation in the light that which startled the crew and allowed him to escape. The new-comers were from the German cruiser Olga. Mr. poor defended himself, aided by the Germans and others aboard the vessel, and soon dispersed the rioters.

It is related by his friends that when

Henry was about 15 years of age he received as a present a printing press from his uncle in New York, upon which he printed a small sheet called the Punahou Journal, a college news-paper. The paper was published at the Poor homestead, which, at that time, stood upon the ground now occupied by the Club stables on Fart street. Mr. Edward Poor, the uncle mentioned above, is the president of the National Park Bank of New York.

During his various travels over the world Mr. Poor indulged his taste for collecting; and, until he met business reverses a few years ago, was the owner of a treasury of curios and fine paintings. He was a member of the Hawalian Historical Society, to which, at different times, he made generous donations of rare historical docu-

After his return from Samoa Mr. Poor again entered the Postal Savings Bank, where he remained for some ing health and business reverse caused his retirement from active life.

A SURE CURE FOR CROUP.

"wenty-five Years' Constant Use without a Failure.

The first indication of croup hoarseness, and in a child subject to that disease it may be taken as a sure sign of the approach of an attack. Following this hoarseness is a peculiar rough cough. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given as soon as the child rece st recounty is taken.

Returns from official voice of Jefferson becomes hoarse, or even after the croup county is taken.

Returns from official count received from Republican newspaper sources and at the Republican State head-quarters show a plurality of 3.134 for Taylor. The discrepancy in those voices cannot be accounted for until the returns are made to the State Board.

The Federal Grand Jury today returns are made to the State Board.

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The Federal Grand Jury today returns are made to the state Board.

The Federal Grand Jury today returns are made to the state Board.

The Federal Grand Jury today returns and the country for a single instance in which it has not proved effectual. No other preparation can show such a record—twenty-five years' constant use without a failure. For sale by all drog-sists and dealers: Henson, Smith & Co., f.4d., agents for H. 1.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY

Report Recommends the Use of the System on Naval Vessels.

CHICAGO, Nov. 18 .- A Washington special to the Times-Herald says: "The system is adapted for use on all vessels in the navy," is the finding of the special board of navy officers that had in charge the investigation of the Mar-coni wireless telegraphy. The conclu-sions of this board and its recommen-dation that the system be given a trial in the navy were given out today by in the navy were given out today by Admiral Bradford, the chief executive of the Bureau of Equipment, under which supervision the Governmental tests on board the New York and Massachusetts were recently made.

THEY MUST AGREE.

As to matters that have no practical outcome it is of no consequence whether we agree or not. The earth may be, as some say it is, a molten mass (save for a shell a few miles thick on the outside), or it may be solid and cool all the way through from London to Sydney. However it may be, we can do nothing about it. So let the scien tific chaps go on speculating to their heart's content; the world will keep revolving as usual, and we shall have to continue picking up our living from its surface.

Recently in my reading I have come upon articles in certain medical jour-nals—uncanny, uninteresting publications, that they are, for nonprofessional perusal—going to show that it is not the heart which impels the blood through the body, but the chemical action of oxygen inhaled by the lungs. A prodigious discovery, if it is a discov-

Yet what odds would it make? None whatever. Fair women would blush by the help of the capillaries as of old and we should tie rags around cut fin-gers just the same. It follows, my brethren, that some things may be mysteries to the end of the chapter and no harm done, and others may differ without disturbing the serenity of our passing days-a most soothing re flection.

But the advantage or otherwise of a person's food agreeing or disagreeing with him is not a mere matter of opin-There is only one way to look at that. As a whole, food must agree with us, and we with it, or we are ruined. A lady of Sheffield, Mrs. S. A. Smith suffered a long, wearisome, and costly illness, simply because her food failed to agree with her. For three years she was weak and wretched on account of it. The light and pleasure went out of her life. She needed to eat, of course, sian order and several others. He also just as she needed to breathe; yet, held the Hawaiian Order of Crown of light things taken in small quantities, and slowly—she was immediately seized with pains in the stomach, the chest,

> Any act which causes pain is per-formed as seldom as possible, and as incompletely. For who wants to suf-

> Eating so little-not half as much as her body called for—Mrs. Smith lost flesh and strength. Necessarily. Draw more money out of the bank than you leposit and presently the bank returns your checks marked "No funds." To be sure. Nobody can make twice two equal five.

> "I got to be so feeble I could scarce ly get about," says the lady. "I was like this for three years from th spring of 1893-being worse in the spring than at other seasons. What to do more than I had done, I didn't know, when one day, my aunt, Mrs. William Andrew, of Willoughton, urged me to take Mother Seigel's Syrup. After having done so for a short time, the complaint-indigestion was better, and soon it wholly disappeared. I am now entirely cured and strong and hearty as I was before my iliness came upon me. You may rest assured that, after so fortunate an experience with Mother Seigel's Syrup recommended it to all my friends, and in sending you this short statement it is my wish that you should print it for the good of others if you so desire."— (Signed) S. A. Smith, 44, Ditchingham Road, Sheffield, June 3, 1898.

"In April of this year (1898)," says sale at al another, "my health began to fail. I varieties: felt drowsy, and tired with the least exertion. After every meal I had oppression at the chest and sides, and a great deal of pain. Whatever food I took disagreed with me, and I grew weak. I am a dressmaker, and when at my work I had so great pain I could hardly bear it. I tried all the usual medicines for indigestion, but got worse and worse. One day in July, I read about Mother Seigel's Cyrup, and got a bottle of Mr. Hattersley, chemist, West India Dock Road, and in a few days felt better. After taking a second bottle I was cured, and have been well ever since."—(Signed) (Miss) Minnie Wyatt, 46, West India Dock Road, London, E., October 14, 1898.

Yes, it is true, health and life de-pend on a perfect agreement between ourselves and our food. This is not a matter of opinion. It is a vital and living relationship, and nothing does so much to promote the agreement as the frequent and timely use of Mother Seigel's Syrup.

Down Again ELEE

in prices is the market for flour and feed, and we follow

market price.

The matter of 5 or 10 cents upon a hundred pounds of feed should not concern you as much as the quality, as poor feed is dear at any price.

We Carry Only the Best.

When you want the Best Hay. Feed or Grain, at the Right Prices, order from

CALIFORNIA FEED CO.

TELEPHONE 121.

Castle & Cooke

AGENTS FOR lew England Muluol Lile Insurance & OF BOSTON.

ENO fire insurance company OF HARTFORD

CHAS. BREWER & CO'S.

Ship Luzon will sail from New Yorl for Honolulu December 15, 1899.

For freight apply to

CHAS. BREWER ♠ CO., 27 Kilby street, Boston, or CHAS. BREWER & CO., LTD., Honolulu.

Meat Company

NO. 507 KING ST. HONOLULU, H. I.

Shipping and Family Butchers. NAVY CONTRACTORS.

G. J. WALLER, Manager.

Highest Market Rates paid Hides. Skins and Tallow. Purveyors to Oceanic and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies.



POULTRY! BEES for Hatching.

PURE BRED Fowls and Eggs for sale at all seasons from the following

English Grey Dorking, Black Minorca, Barred Plymouth Rocks, Bus Leghorn, Brown Leghorn, White Leghorn, Pekin Ducks and Bronse Tur keys.

I am constantly in receipt of new importations from the best known strains. Eggs properly packed and fowls well

Prices furnished on application.
WALTER C. WEEDON, Eastlawn, Punahou, Honolulu H. I.

GLARKE'S B 41 PILLS Are warranted fains in the back, and all kindred complaints. Free from Mercury. Established upwards of 30 cars. In bones 6. 6d, each, of all Chamiets and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world. Proprisoner, The Liucoin and Hidland Counties Draw Company, Lincoln, England.

Only the highest grade of RED RUB BER is used in the Stamps made by the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE CO.

Lilly But and Market THE REAL PROPERTY.

EARS, ROEDUCK & CO. Inc.), CHICAGO. ILL., U. S. A

Send us your orders and they will be filled at the lowest Is the Name

Of our new stock of Hot Water Bottles, Bulb and Fountain Syringes.

Durability

--

Especially manufactured for us and guaranteed to last longer than other Rubber Goods in this Climate.

LIFE AND FIRE GUARANTEED.

Have You Seen Our

WINDOW DISPLAY?

Now is the time to replace your leaking Hot Water Bottle with a real first-class article

-000-

For sale only by



POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED

WILL CURE YOUR COUGH,

A LL THE WORLD OVER, THE RECOGNISHED COUGH REMEDY. Its immense said throughout the world indicates its inestimable value. UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.

Tun Dans or Wisrumstan's Verger writes:—"
as advised to try the Baleam of Anissed; I did, as
we found very great relief. It is most comforting is
liaying triusalon and giving strength to the voice."

L SIGHT COUGH QUICKLY RELIEVED. SEE TRADE MARK AS ABOVE ON MACH

See the words "Thomas Pox ell, Blackfrings Bood, London," on the Government Stamp. Bafuse Imitations. Established 1834. SQUATTERS and PARMERS WHEN ORDER THE THE STORES SHOULD NOT ON THE THE HONOURED COUGH BENEDY,

DOMETA STATE OF THERE LOS VERMY INDIGENTY W

SOLD BY ORDERSTO and STORERESPIES STREET, NEW PRINCIPLE OF CAPPED COLONIES. NEW PRINCIPLE IN MA. D. C. C. C.

Agents for Hawaiian Islands:
HOLLISTER DRUG CO., L'S.
BENSON, SMITH & CO.
HORRON DRUG CO

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

is Connection With the Canedias-Austr Stramship Line Tichets Are Inqued To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS: Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver

For tickets and general information again to THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD., Agenta Ganadian-Australian S. S. Ling, Canadian Pacific Railway.

The Submarine Terror Can be Made to rollow a Ship Like a Hungry Shark.

LONDON, Nov. 17 .- At last a means erly a resident of Alameda. has been discovered of guiding a torpedo on its mission of death. The principle of wireless telegraphy is to be applied to the steering of these submarine infernal machines, and, according to those who have examined the invention, this plan has been found to work so well that the torpedo may be reckoned among the heaviest thunderbolts of war, instead of being, as heretofore, the jest of naval experts.

The invention consists of an application of the use of electric waves just as in wireless telegraphy, which obviates any necessity for metallic connection between the torpedo and the torpedo boat. To understand the plan of procedure, it must be remembered that an iron rod is sucked into a coil of wire, when an electric current traverses the spiral in a suitable direction. The torpedo is provided with two staffs which project above the surface of the water, and can receive electric waves reaching them through the air, and generated by a suitable apparatus on wire with two cores of iron near them When an electric current passes round other core enters its spiral. Suppose the torpedo leaves its proper course; it is at once righted in the following way: Electric waves are developed on the torpedo boat, pass through the air, and are received by the staffs attached to the torpedo. These, by a simple ap-paratus, are made to develop an elec-tric current in the coils of wire, and coil, and this movement turns the helm of the torpedo. When the torpedo has tion almost as if it were possessed of a separate intelligence.

destroy. If the torpedo is seen by those aboard this ship and a frantic ef-fort is made to escape the direct line of discharge, it will be useless, for the nose of the torpedo will be immediately turned by those aboard the torpedo boat in the new direction taken by the hostile ship, and after that, whichever pedo will follow is as relentlessly as doom. Never was such diabolical intelligence given to an inanimate thing as the wireless telegraph principle will The Agents are now negotiating with give to the torpedo of the future. What the Australian Government for a three-

hake off as the living fish. much of a menace to those who fired them as to those against whom they were directed. The history of torpedo ed instances of the torpedo taking effect and sinking a vessel, but for every torpedo that has fulfilled its mission, hundreds have exploded harmlessly and killed only the fishes that were unlucky enough to be in the vicinity of the explosion. This helplessness of the torpedo after it has once left the side of the vessel firing it has been the main cause of the lack of respect na-val officers have felt for it. The search-light has made it so risky to attack a vessel with a torpedo at night that on ly a very reckless commander would attempt it, while the various devices for guarding a ship's side against torpedoes have made these missiles almost certain to fall in their object. Then again it was so easy to dodge a torpedo when its direction once became apparent, and the certainty of the aim was always a doubtful thing where the range was necessarily long, and many obstacles likely to be en-countered by the torpedo during its submarine flight to deflect it from its

Now all this is changed. When the Now all this is changed. When the torpedo which is used by most of the navies here, the Whitehead, is fired from a vessel's side it drops into the water at a distance of fifteen feet, dives about twenty feet, and then shoots up and goes through the water like a fish for a distance of about half a mile, which distance it covers in about a minute. It is a costly missile, and the British navai officers have always thought it of doubtful effectiveways thought it of doubtful effective-ness in warfare. With the "White-head" guided by electric waves, how-ever, it is realized that the torpedo takes on a new and formidable aspect that places it in an entirely new cate-

gory among weapons of war.

Whether or not the same principle whether or not the same principle that directs the torpedo from the vessel that launches it could be used by those on board the threatened ship, to turn it back on those who fired it, is another interesting problem that presents itself at the beginning of specularive thinking on this subject. It is certain that some method of defense will chem

HARCONI SYSTEM

be found by ingenious minds against the newly found means of blowing up ships. As an American, I have little healtation in predicting that the ingenious mind will belong to some citizen of the United States, and furthermore that the method of defense will be as ingenious as the present clever plan of offense, thus relegating this over-estimated submarine missile to the position it has so long occupied, that of a butt for the ridicule of naval men.

Death of Mrs. Jellings Victoria Jellings, wife of R. V. Jellings, of Palama, died last Sunday morning at half past eight o'clock, and was burled Monday afternoon at three o'clock from the family residence under the direction of H. H. Williams. Mrs. Jellings was 24 years of age at the time of her death, and was form-

Oceanic Company's New Greyhounds.

Australia to be Relired and Alamed and Mariposa Put On the San Prancisco Route

An important change in the Oceanic Steamship Company is being perfected which will bring Honolulu and San Francisco closer together as far as time is concerned, and will also retire the "Australia" to the "has-beens" row. Honolulu benefits by the new orthe torpedo boat. To the rudder-head der of things, as there will be then two of the torpedo are attached two colls of steamers on the local run between San steamers on the local run between San Francisco and Honojulu instead of one, and faster time will be made by each the coils in one direction, one of the cores is sucked in, while if the current bout. Wharfage facilities will be tax-circulates in the other direction the ed to the utmost, but these new addiboat. Wharfage facilities will be taxtions should be the incentive to make ready for the increased demands.

From private advices recently received by a gentleman of this city we are enabled to present the following particulars regarding the new line of steamers now under construction at one or the other of the iron cores, as Cramps' shipyard, Philadeiphia, for occasion requires, is sucked into its the Oceanic Steamship Company, and the routes designed for the various vesreached its proper course, the waves from the controller are stopped. The invention will render it possible to cause a torpedo to move in any direction. sels after the new ones are completed. issued for the sum of \$2,500,000. These That statement is not an exaggera tion. The torpedo of the future will ties in San Francisco, and are now actually be made to follow the direction of the ship it seeks to fasten to and were promptly taken up at par by parcent premium.

Two of the new steamers are now well under way, and the first one will be launched about March next. These vessels will be provided with every modern improvement both as to safety. speed of the vessel, and comfort for way the escaping boat turns, the tor- the passengers, and they will compare month. favorably with any of the modern greyhounds now crossing the Atlantic.

The Agents are now negotiating with weekly service, and which in all problemed by a shark which could by merely poking his nose against the side of the boat send the vessel with all ernment. It is contemplated that with Symptoms the same in both aboard to the bottom? Guided by the the speed that these vessels will have, electric waves that are controlled by these three ships now being built can the crew of the torpedo boat, the new maintain this service; but if necessary. A man of 60 or 80 with weak kidneys torpedo will be just as impossible to a fourth steamship of the same dimenfourth steamship of the same dimen-This seems to have solved the great sions will be added to the line. These puzzle that has made torpedoes as steamers will touch both ways at honolulu as formerly, and in place of the "Australia," now running, it is prowarfare has always tended to place the supposedly terrible missile in a ridiculous light. Here and there are recorded instances of the torpedo taking ef-

When these contemplated changes but after taking some of the pills (pro-are made and with the type of vessels cured at Hollister's drug store) was that are now being constructed for this greatly benefited, and I am satisfied the trade, we believe that Honolulu will have one of the finest services in the world, and that the travelling public will be provided with sea-going accommodation second to none anywhere.

It will be now seen that by placing the "Mariposa" and "Alameda," both on this route that a fortnightly services will be secured, and in view of the very congested condition of our freight trade at present, it will be a boon both to shippers and passengers.

GAINING A WIDE REPUTATION. As a cure for rheumatism Chamberlain's Pain Balm is gaining a wide reputation. D. B. Johnston of Richmond.
Ind., has been troubled with that allment since 1862. In speaking of it he
says: "I never found anything that
would relieve me until I used ChamDoan's Backache Kidney Pills are
sold by all chemists and storekeepers
at 50 cents per box, or will be mailed
on receipt of price by the Hollister
Drug Co., wholesale agents for the Haberlain's Pain Balm. It acts like mag-ic with me. My foot was swollen and pained me very much, but one good application of Pain Balm relieved me. For sale by all druggists and dealers: Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., a gents for

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks, and to some older ones. Donne's Gintment never fails. Instant relief and permanent cure. At any chemist's, 50 conts.

Financial Lett r on Island Values

Movement - D vidends in Frisco.

Following are extracts from the last number of George Heasteton's paper, the Financial Letter:

Sugar stocks were weak owing to the combined efforts of several parties the combined efforts of several parties who have been persistently spreading all kinds of disparaging rumors, such as a dry season and a shortage of crops. It might be just as well to repeat what we have mentioned several times, that there has been no lack of rainfall thus far this season, but that rainfall thus far this season, but that on the contrary the precipitation this season on the plantations listed on our Exchange has been in excess from 30 to 40 per cent of any season recorded. In the case of Honokaa and Paauhau, the rainfall has been nearly double that of any previous season of which there is a record. The rainfall for this season on the Hutchinson has been 13 inches against 9.27 inches for the

orresponding period in 1898.
As to the shortage of the crop Paauhau, that was due to the fact that a field of 500 acres of cane was not cut pefore October 1, but was allowed stand to get the benefit of the rainfall. That cane is now being cut and a por

tion of it is now in the mill.

The condition of the plantations listed here was never better than at present. There is nothing whatever in the affairs of the companies to justify the decline in the market.

When it is observed how large amount of money is distributed monthly in dividends by the sugar companies listed here, their importance in the financial world will be more fully appreciated. The companies specially brought here by Pollitz & Co. are as

	Shares.	Monthly Dividends
Haw. Com	100,000	\$50,000
Hutchinson		25,000
Honokaa	100,000	35,000
Paauhau		35,000
Onomea	50,000	17,500
Kilauea	40,000	10,000
Monthly dividend	s	\$172,500

Twelve months\$2,070,000 To this sum must be added the Makaweli, 34,815 shares, \$17,407.50, dis-tributed in monthly dividends, and the Hana, 50,000 shares, \$25,000, distribued quarterly.

Makaweli opened at 49 and sold down to 47, with 46¼ bid at the close. Hutchinson sold off from 28% to

27½. Honokaa sold at the opening at 34½ and at the close at 33%.

Paauhau opened at 34 and sold down

to 31½, but closed at 32%.
Onomes opened at 36% and closed Hawaiian sold at 95. On December

13th the directors of this company meet to declare a dividend which we are informed will be 50c per share per

AGE NO BAR.

It Does Not Enter Into the Question.

Symptoms the same in both. A babe with weak kidneys has back-

That's the way it talks with all ages. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills cure the

babe and the man. That's the way they do in all ages. No wonder, though, they're made for it. They couldn't cure a simple case of

But they cure had cases of kidney trouble

power, which is calculated to develop speed so that the trip can be accomplished in five or six days between here and San Francisco.

The "Australia" in all probability will be retained as a spare boat to fill in case of an accident to any of the other boats.

When these contemplated changes trouble. If your back aches, try them.

Writing under date January 10th, 1899, Jurgen Walter of this city tells us as follows: "My age is 79—well past the ordinary span of life, and I am the parent of eight children. Being so far advanced in years, I regard the relief obtained from Doan's Back-ache Kidney Pills as very remarkable. I suffered from a lame back for years, but after taking some of the pills (pro-

pills did me much good."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are becoming popular in Honolulu because they are always endorsed by Honolulu

people.
Our kidneys filter our blood. They work night and day. When healthy they remove about 500 grains of impure matter daily; when unhealthy some part of this impure matter is left in the blood. This brings on many diseases and symptoms—pain in the back, headache, nervousness, hot, dry skin, rheumatism, gout, gravel, disordered eyesight and hearing, dizziness, irregular heart, debility, drowsiness, irregular heart, debility, drowsiness, dropsy, deposits in the urine, etc. But if you keep the filters right you will have no trouble with your kidneys.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are wallan Islands.

The burial of Miss Lizzie Bingham recalls the fact that a brother of here was the first member of the original missionary band to die in Hawaii. His death occurred in 1823, three years after Rev. Hiram Bingham and fellow-laborers landed.

Only the highest grace of RED RUB-BER is used in the Stamps made by the HAWAIIAN GARSTTE CO.

REMEDIES

THESET \$1.25

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin, CUTICURA Ointment, to heal the skin, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool the blood, is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin, scalp, and blood humors, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when the best physicians, and all other remedies fail.

SAVE YOUR HAIR warm shampoos with Curscuma Soar, followed by light dress-cures, will clear the scalp and hair of crusts, scales, and dandruff, some irritated and itching surfaces, stimulate the hair follicles, and produce luxuriant, lustrous hair, with clean, wholesome scalp, when all clee fails.

Bold throughout the world. Price, Currenna Soap. Ma.; OPPINENT, Me.; RESOLVENT (half-sire), Me. Pour. D. and C. Conr., Proc., Sector, U. S. A. British depot. F. Newson's Bons, London, How to Cure Humans, to

California Fertilizer Works

J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.

MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS AND PURE BONE MEAL.

..... DFALERS IN.....

Fertilizer Materials

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade:

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, FERTILIZERS, NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA. HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH,

FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC

Special Manures Manufactured to Order-The manures manufactured by the California Fretilizer Works are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid. Dry Rlood and Flesh, Potash and Magnesia Salts.

No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly silke, and for excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market.

The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer use is so well known that it needs no explanation.

The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the California Fertilizer Works is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept Constantly on Hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

C. Brewer & Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS.

Great Bicycle Lamp Sale!

In order to build our new store we are about to tear down the old building and we have a lot of things that must be sold as we have not got half the room in our temporary quarters that we need for our large stock. To start with we are going to offer a fine line of standard BICYCLE To start with we are going to offer a fine line of standard BICYCLE LAMPS. These are light things, but they take up a good deal of room. Here

Chester Lamps 3.00 each.
Atwood Swinging Lamps 1.50 each.
Banner Lamps 2.00 each.
M. & W. Lamps 2.00 each.
Searchlight Oil Lamps 3.50 each.
Searchlight Gas Lamps 4.50 each.
Solar Gas Lamps 8.50 each.

O. HALL & SON, LTD CORNER FORT AND KING STREETS.

A Large Shipment of

STYLISH **UP-TO-DATE**

urniture

to arrive per "W. H. DIMOND" now due.

Progress Block. Fort St.

INSURANCE.

Theo. H. Davies & Co

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND

MARINE INSURANCE. Northern Assurance Company.

OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND LIFE. Established 1836. Accumulated Funds £3,975,000

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co

OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE. Capital£1,000,000

> Reduction of Rates. Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD. AGENTS

J. S. WALKER General Agent Hawn. Isl.

ALLIANCE INSURANCE CO.; ALLIANCE MARINE AND GENER-AL INSURANCE CO.;

WILHELMA OF MADGEBURG IN-SURANCE CO.; SUN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA. SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL

Room 12, Spreckels Block.

Homburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Go

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agts.

German Lloyd Marine insur'ce Co OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Co OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most rea-sonable rates and on the most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,

General Agents.

General Insurance Co. for Sea. River and Land Transport. of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands. the undersigned general agents are au-thorized to take risks against the dan-gers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms. F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,

Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INS. CO. OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reichsmarks Capital their reinsurance companies 101,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Co-

Total -reichsmarks 107,659,000

OF HAMBURG. Capital of the Company and reserve, reichemarks. Capital their reinsurance 2,200,000

companies 25,000,000 Total reichsmarks

The undersigned, general agents of the above two companies, for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc.; also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire, on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO., Limited.

North British & Mercantile Axsurance Co

9.700,450 7 11 10,607,600 17 1 419,600,660 5 10

ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO.

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks, and to some older oues. Doane's Cintment never falls. Instant relief and permanent cure. At say, chemist's, 50 cents.

MIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVED AT HONOLULU.

Tuesday, November 28. U. S. army transport Hancock, Struve, San Francisco, November 20. U. S. Army transport City of Pueb-to, Thomas, from San Francisco, No-

Nor. stmr. Thyra, Edwardson, from Yokohama, with 710 Japanese and 200 tons mdse, to Alexander & Baldwin.

Am. bkt. S. N. Castle, Hubbard, from San Francisco, November 1: 1,000 tons mdse., 9 mules and 31 horses, to W. G. Irwin & Co.

Am. bkt. Planter, McNiel, from San rancisco November 4: 1,000 tons dec. and 560 hogs to H. Hackfeld &

ber for Lawers & Cooke.

Am. schr. Glendale, Johnson, from
San Francisco, Oct. 18, Fort Bragg
Oct. 27, with 314,570 feet of lumber for Lewers & Cooke. Stmr. Niihau, Thompson, from Ma-

Br. stmr. Garonne, Conradi, from Stmr. Kilohana, Bruhn, from Lahai-

Stmr. Bloemfontein, Blelloch, from Newcastle.

Thursday, November 30. Stmr. James Makee, Tullett, 10 hrs. from Kapaa.

Stmr. Waialeale, Greene, 13 hrs

Stmr. Iwalani, Gregory, 12 hrs. from Koloa: 3,950 sacks sugar to H. Hack-United States stmr. St. Paul, Hays, 10 days from San Francisco with troops for Manila.

SAILED FROM HONOLULU.

Tuesday, November 28. Stmr. Lehua, Dower, Molokai. Stmr. Kinau, Freeman, Hawaii, Stmr. Mokolii, Sachs, Molokai. Am. stmr. Australia, Houdlette, San Stmr. W. G. Hall, Thompson, Nawili-

Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, Kahulul. Am. schr. Oceania Vance, Murchison,

Puget Sound Stmr. Mikahala, Pederson, Maka-

Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Mosher, Ahukini. Am. stmr. Slam, Valentin, Manila. Wednesday, November 29. Nor. stmr. Thyra, Edwardson, San

Schr. Waialua, Neison, Hanalei. Thursday, November 30.

Br. stmr. Lennox, Williamson, Manila. Br. stmr. Benmohr, Wallace, Manila. U. S. stmr. Senator, Patterson, Ma-

FOREIGN PORTS.

SEATTLE-Sailed, Nov. 19, schr Hera, for Honolulu.

YOKOHAMA—Arrived, Stmr. Gaelic, from Honolulu. PORT GAMBLE-Arrived, Nov. 17 bkt. Klikitat, from Honolulu.

PORT TOWNSEND-Arrived, Nov 18, sp. Antiope, from Honolulu; Nov. 18, in bay bound for Honolulu, schr. Robert Lewers.

SAN FRANCISCO-Arrived, Nov. 17. stmr. Alameda, from Honolulu; Nov. 18, schr. Mary E. Foster, from Honolulu; Nov. 19, bk. R. P. Rithet, from Honolulu, sp. Theodor, from Honolulu, Sailed, Nov. 17, sp. Centennial, for Honolulu, bkt. S. G. Wilder, for Ho-

VESSELS IN PORT.

ARMY AND NAVY. Br. stmr. Port Stevens, Whitehead, Seattle, November 25. U. S. stmr. Hancock, Strewe, Francisco, November 28. U. S. stmr. City of Puebla, Thomas, San Francisco, November 28. Br. stmr. Garonne, Conradi, Seattle,

November 29. U. S. stmr. St. Paul, Hays, San Francisco, November 30.

MERCHANTMEN.

(This list does not include coasters.) Br. bk. Dominion, Reusch, Newcastle Townsend, November 10. Am. sp. Great Admiral, Sterling, Newcastle, October 28.

Br. S. P. Errol, Henderson, Newcastle Haw, sp. Hawaiian Isles, Rice, Newcastle, November 4. Haw. bk. Mauna Ala, Smith, San Fran-

cisco, November 15. Am. schr. Aloha, Fry, San Francisco November 16. Am. schr. G. W. Watson, Peterson, Ta-

coma, November 22. Am. bk. Albert, Griffiths, San Francisco, November 23. Jap. stmr. Yorihima Maru, Mikamaru, Yokohama, November 25. Jap. stmr. Toyo Maru, Sakai, Yoko-

hama, November 25. Am. bkt. S. N. Castle, Hubbard, San Francisco, November 28. Am. bkt. Planter, McNiel, San Fran-cisco, November 28.

NOTICE TO SHIPMASTERS.

U. S. Branch Hydrographic Office, San Francisco, Cal.

By communicating with the Branch Hydrographic office in San Francisco, captains of vessels who will co-operate with the Hydrographic Office by recording the meteorological observations suggested by the office, can have forwarded to them at any desired port. and free of expense, the monthly pilot charts of the North Pacific Ocean and the latest information regarding the dangers to navigation in the waters

which they frequent. Mariners are requested to report to the office dangers discovered, or any other information which can be utidirections, or in the publication of the pilot charts of the North Pacific.

Lieut. Comdr., U.S.N., in Charge.

PASSENGERS.

Arrived. From San Francisco, per bkt. Plan-ter, November 28.—P. Romano, Mrs. E. Yost, A. Ellert, Thos. Dyer.

Departed. For Nawiliwili, per stmr. W. G. Hall, November 28.—Mrs. W. H. Rice, Miss Mary Rice, Miss Anderson, S. N. Nor-rie, J. Goldstein, Geo. Holt, J. Licatig. H. L. Seavers and wife, E. A. Moss. Chas. Day, J. W. Girvin and 25 on

For Makawell, per stmr. Mikahala, November 28.—A. McBryde, W. J. Wil-son, A. St. M. Mackintosh, Jos. Wal-lace, Mrs. Passoth, J. Clark, J. C. Me-

Am. bkt. Planter, McNiel, from San Prancisco November 4: 1,000 tons mase, and 560 hogs to H. Hackfeld & Co.

Wednesday, November 29.

Am. schr. Eva, Ramelius, from Eureka, Nov. 2, with 278,959 feet of lumber for Lewers & Cooke.

Am. schr. Glendale, Johnson, from San Francisco, Oct. 18, Fort Bragg Oct. 27, with 314,570 feet of lumber for Woods, J. M. Kaneakua and wife, Mrs. Voyods, J. M. Kaneakua and wife, Mrs Woods, J. M. Kaneakua and wife, Mrs. Kahokuluna, Mrs. C. B. Willis, J. J. Duintjer and child, Mrs. J. Scriven, W. C. Reavis, Rev. Mr. Desha, Chas. No:ley, Mrs. H. S. Townsend, D. H. Hitch-cock and children, Mrs. E. W. Fuller and daughter, J. G. Scarrao, 1200ert Fuller, E. Parker, C. Ah Chong, Mr. Wichman, D. H. Hitchcock, Jr., C. Wichman, D. H. Hitchcock, Jr., C. Kalser, S. Watson, John Cullen, J. H. Barnabee, A. P. Boller, Jr., J. M. Smith, Rev. J. Kekipi, C. Alfong, Tai Long, R. W. Atkinson, P. Pearce, Mrs. Chas. Notley, Jr., Miss Kimi Matsu, F. W. Kohl, J. Slingerland, W. Johnson, W. E. Reavis, D. H. Kahaulello and

wife, J. Plau, W. S. Dixon, J. B. H. Pierce, M. Komorsky, A. A. Braymer, R. D. Moler, A. S. Riffle and children, Mrs. J. Vierra, A. C. Paulsmeir, C. C. Quinn. For San Francisco, per stmr. Australia, November 28.—F. D. Beasley, H. Cohn, Mrs. J. T. McCrosson, the Misses McCrosson (2), Walter M. Pomroy, A. A. Cross, Miss A. T. Thayer, Miss L. Bolles, Mrs. W. S. Terrey, A. Allison, Miss A. Wilson and maid, H. P. Weber, C. Johnson, Mrs. L. T. Grant, W. N. Armstrong, H. T. Lamey, E. Lindsley, H. Dickerman, Mrs. T. Lucae, and two

Armstrong, H. T. Lamey, E. Lindsley, H. Dickerman, Mrs. T. Lucas and two children, A. H. Smail, B. F. Dilling-ham, Dr. R. W. Anderson, For Maul ports, per stmr. Claudine, November 28.—Miss K. Cornwell, Miss K. Vida, Mr. Rogers, P. A. Dias, L. F. Armstrong, C. Yaknam, H. W. Cleve-land, E. Kealoha, Mrs. H. Kuikahi, Rev. M. Tsnyl, Col. W. H. Cornwell.

WITH THE LYRICS.

A Detich ful Thanksgiving Evening-Chimes of Normandy.

Planquette's fine opera, "Chimes of Normandy," was produced last night by the Lyrics in a masterly manner, before a large and appreciative audience. It is an opera of charming melodies and grand choruses, coupled with

some very excellent dramatic work.

Miss Josephine Stanton, as Serpo lette, repeated her former successes in the many different parts which she has assumed during the season. She acted Serpolette with an archness and gentleness that won all hearts. Her voice was in good form; this was most gratifying, as she has been troubled with slight cold for a day or two.

Miss Nellie Andrews, as Germain, was decidedly interesting, and sang the different numbers allotted her in a most artistic manner. Mr. Rockwell as Henri was capital, as was Mr. Parmeley as Jean Greuechiex. His rich clear tenor voice was heard to good advantage. George Kunkel did some really excellent work as Gaspard, the miser; he invested the part with an intensity and a structure of genuine dramatic work that was most thrilling. It was a performance that will not soon be forgotten by this artist's list of admirers in Honolulu. Mr. Henderson as the Notary and Mr. Rogers as the San Baillie, were quaint character

and duly appreciated. The repertoire for the balance of the week will be as follows: Saturday matinee (school children), "Martha;" Saturday night, "The Merry War.

WAS WINNIE DAVIS' WISH.

Beauvoir May Yet Be a Southern Soldiers' and Sailors' Home.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 20.-The re jection by the Daughters of the Confederacy of the plan of converting Beauvoir into a soldiers' home does not defeat this proposition. Those who are behind it produce letters they claim to show that it is fully approved by Mrs. Jefferson Davis and those who represent her personally. It is probable that the Daughters of Mississippi will now take up the matter. There is something of a romance behind this idea. It did not originate with the two Richmond gentlemen who submitted it to the Daughters Saturday, but comes from a gentleman who was held in the very highest esteem by Miss Winnie Davis. It was her desire, it is said, to see Beauvoir sold and converted into a refuge for Confederate soldiers and sailors. This plan would give Mrs. Jefferson Davis an inome which would make her independent for life.

LONG MAY RESIGN.

The Naval Secretary Wants to Return to Private Life

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Secretary John D. Long today admitted that he might resign the naval portfolio. The report was printed several days ago. The Secretary returned today from Colorado Springs, where he had gone to take Mrs. Long and his daughter for the winter.

he winter. The Secretary's mind was made up several weeks ago to retire from of-fice, but it was conditionally changed at the earnest solicitation of the esident and some of the prominenresident and some of the prominent leaders, including senator Hanna chairman of the Republican National Committee. "For domestic reasons," said Secretary Long, "I would be very glad to be relieved of my official duties, Unless family ties make my resignation imperative, I shall, however, romain, at least until after the Presidential election of next year.

WHARF AND WAVE.

The Planter is discharging at Allen

The Upolo, for Kohala, and Nithau, for Lahains, sail today.

The steamer Kauai is on the marine railway completing repairs. From Kona and Kau the steamer fauna Loa is due this morning. W. C. Stevens, the popular purser of

the transport St. Paul, was formerly on LAU, A. KU. one of the big Coast steamships. The steamers Heiene, from Hama-kua, and Lehua and Mokolii, from Mo-lokal, are looked for early this morn-

ing. The ship Theodor, which arrived from Honolulu in San Francisco November 19, will undergo further repairs in that port.

The ship Centennial, which sailed from San Francisco for Honolulu No-

vember 17, brings a full cargo of general merchandise.

The pilot house still has wheels. They are moving the high structure—tower and all—to make room for the dredger to get up close to the seawall. The transports Hancock and City of uebla will not get away for Manila

until late tomorrow or possibly Sun-day. The Hancock takes 1,100 tons of coal and the Puebla 800 tons. On November 16th the transport Centennial, from Manila to San Fran-cisco, spoke the schooner Louis 210 miles west-southwest from the Faral-lone Islands, headed presumably for San Francisco. This report occa-sioned considerable surprise, as the schooner was then 116 days out from Caleta Buena, South America, whence she started for Honolulu. It is presumed that subsequent orders direct ing her to change her course were re

A SIX-MASTED SCHOONER.

Considerable interest attaches to the new six-masted schooner now in course of construction at Camden, Me., for Captain John G. Crowley and a number of local capitalists. She will be used in coal trade between Philadel-phia and New England ports. She will carry 5,000 tons of cargo, and will bear the distinction of being the largest ore-and-aft-rigged sailing vessel

She will be a handsome craft, and her model shows a good sheer fore and aft, indicating that she will be what sailors call a dry vessel. The new craft is 300 feet long on the keel, and will be about 330 feet long over all, 48 feet beam and 22 feet deep. A four-foot poop-deck will run fore and aft about ten feet forward of the mainmast. Her bowsprit will be 35 feet long and her jibboom 75 feet. The for-ward house will be 26 feet long, the midship house 16 feet and the after-house 32 feet long. The boom of the five forward sails

will be 42 feet 6 inches long, while the driver boom will be 72 feet. All of the lower masts will be of Oregon pine, and each will be 116 feet long, while the topmasts will be 59 feet long.

THE LOUIS IN DISTRESS.

The American bark Louis arrived at Taiohae, Marquesas Islands, on September 8 in a leaky condition, bound from Iquique, South America, to Honolulu, with a cargo of nitre. It was the intention of the master of the Louis to discharge all but 300 tons of the cargo, and proceed to San Francis co to carry out the necessary repairs. The Louis is a wooden vessel of 820 tons, and is owned by Mr. A. M. Simpson of San Francisco.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD. By the Government Survey, Published Every Monday.

	BAR-M		HERD P		=	=				
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Sarometer corrected to 32 F. and ea level, and after the 1st of February or standard gravity of Lat. 45. This correction is -.06 for Honolulu.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

Day.	Nov&Dec.	fligh flid	ugn Tour	Low Tide	Low Tide	Sun Sises.	dun deta	Moon Rise
							-	rises
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Mon T-es Wed.	21 30	2.11	14.a.	1 20	9.09	6.20	5.17 5.17	3.12
Frid.	1 2	3 2	2.14	7.53 8 30	10.4	6 21 6 22	5.17	5.04
Sup		4.01	8 49	9.11	11 21	4.23	6.18	5 .16

The tides and moon phases are given in Standard time. The time of sun and moon rising and setting being given for all ports in the group are in local time, to which the respective

The Standard time whistle sounds at 12h. 0m. 0s. (midnight), Greenwhich corrections to standard time applica-ble to each different port should be time, which is 1h, 30m. p. m. of Hawa-iian Standard time.

DIED.

GILLILAND-In Honolulu November 29th at his parents' residence on Vineyard street, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Gililland, aged 2 months and 12 days. Funeral this afternoon at 2

o'clock from the residence on Vinc yard street. ELLINGS-Victoria, wife of R. V

Jellings of Palama, on Sunday morning at 8:30 o'clock, aged 24 years, 8 months. The funeral was held from the family residence Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. (Alameda papers please

BY AUTHORITY

A. KU, ESQ., has this day been appointed Commissioner of Fences for the District of Koolaupoko, Island of

The Board now consists of HENRY C. ADAMS, Chairman; D. M. KAPA-

ALEX. YOUNG. Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Nov. 22, 1899. 2127-31

NOTICE TO CORPORATIONS.

In conformity with Section 2024 of the Civil Code, all Corporations are hereby notified to make a full and ccurate exhibit of the state of their affairs for the year ending December 31, 1899, such exhibit to be filed in the Interior Department on or before the 31st day of January, 1900.

Blanks for this purpose will be furnished upon application to the Interior Office.

Upon failure of any corporation to present the exhibit within the time required, the Minister of the Interior will, either himself or by one or mor commissioners appointed by him, call for the production of the books and papers of the corporation and examine its officers touching its affairs under oath.

ALEX. YOUNG, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, November 11th, 1899 2124-14t

NOTICE TO FRUIT IMPORTERS.

Owing to a pest discovered by the Government Entomologist, Prof. A. Koebele, called the Mediterranean fly and which is doing much damage to the fruits in the Australian colonies and South Sea Islands, notice is hereby given by the Board of Agriculture world has produced up to date.

She will be a handsome craft, and and Forestry that the importation of fruits from the Australian colonies and the South Sea Islands is strictly forbidden.

DAVID HAUGHS, ecretary and Commissioner of Agriculture.

Honolulu, Nov. 4 1899. 5382 2122-1m

NOTICE.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Hamakua Mill Company, held at the offices of Messrs. Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd., Honolulu, on November 25th, 1899, the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year: President Mr. F. M. Swanzy Mr. Chas. Notley Vice President . Treasurer Mr. W. H. Baird Secretary Mr. T. Clive Davies Auditor Mr. T. R. Keyworth

T. CLIVE DAVIES. 2128-3t

NOTICE.

DURING MY ABSENCE FROM THE Hawaiian Islands Mr. W. J. Forbes will act for me under power of attor-

WILLIAM O. SMITH. Honolulu, Nov. 25, 1899. 5401—2128-2t

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT [Seal] Au Hoy and Chew King Sun of Hongkong, China, are admitted as partners in our firm, and that Wong Wa Foy and Wong Sang, both of Hongkong China, have withdrawn from our firm WING WO TAI & CO., Per CHOCK TONG and HONG CHEE.

Honolulu, Nov. 10, 1899.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS. AT THE ADJOURNED ANNUAL meeting of the stockholders of the Koloa Sugar Company, held this day, the following officers were elected to

serve during the ensuing year: Paul Isenberg President
A. W. C. Cropp ... Vice President
J. F. Hackfeld Treasurer T. W. Hobron Secretar; W. Pfotenhauer Audite

RD. SUHR. Honolulu, Nov. 1, 1899. 2122-2122-4

NAHIKU ASSESSMENT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the second assessment, 5 per cent, or nolulu, Oat 181.00 per ahare, on the assessable atock 1899.

of the Nahiku Sugar Company, will be due and payable at the office of Alexander & Baldwin on Friday, December

By order of the Directors. J. P. COOKE, Treasurer Nahiku Sugar Co. Honolulu, Nov. 20th, 1899. 5397-2127-3t

STAMPS WANTED.

TO ANYONE WHO WILL MAIL me, postage paid, 500 used Hawaiian stamps, no matter what denomination. stamps, no matter what denomination, in good condition, I will mall, postage paid, \$ sice photographs of California views, 5x8, mounted. These pictures represent scenes in the Sierra Nevada mountains, California, and will be a pleasure to anyone. Give correct address. Mall all strings to W. DENKER, San Jose, Senta Circa Co., California.

THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST CIRCUIT, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.— (Stamps)

amuel M. Damon et al., trustees un-der the will of B. P. Bishop, de-ceased, vs. J. M. Dowsett, adminis-trator of the estate of J. I. Dow-sett, deceased, and sixteen others. —At Chambers.

The Republic of Hawaii to the Marshal of the Hawaiian Islands, or his Deputy, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to sum-mon J. M. Dowsett, administrator of mon J. M. Dowsett, administrator of the estate of J. I. Dowsett, deceased, Phoebe Makee Raymond, J. H. Ray-mond, Edward Dowsett, Mary Parish, Z. Parish, Alexander Dowsett, Annie Brenham, R. B. Brenham, Elizabeth J. Parker, David A. Dowsett, Rowena, Dowsett, Samuel Dowsett, Marion C. Dowsett, Genevieve Dowsett, Madeline Dowsett and Annie Dowsett, defend-ants, to appear ten days after service hereof, if they reside on the Island of Oahu, otherwise twenty days after Oahu, otherwise twenty days after service, before such judge of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit as shall be sitting at Chambers in the court-room at the Judiciary building, in Honolulu, Island of Oahu, to answer the annexed bill to foreclose mortgage and for a receiver, of Samuel M. Damon and four others, trustees under the will of Bernice P. Bishop, deceased, and have you then and there this writ with your return thereon.
WITNESS the First Judge of

the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, at Honolulu, Oahu, this 13th day of June, 1899. GEORGE LUCAS,

I hereby certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the original summons in said cause, and that said court ordered

that service be made upon said non-resident defendants, Marion C. Dowsett, Genevieve Dowsett and R. B. Brenham, by publication of the same and continuance of the hearing of said cause until the 30th day of January, A. D. 1900, at 10 o'clock in the fore-

Honolulu, October 24, 1899. GEORGE LUCAS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST CIRCUIT, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.—IN EQUITY.

amuel M. Damon, Joseph O. Carter, William O. Smith, Charles M. Hyde and William F. Allen, trus-tees under the will of Bernice P. Bishop, deceased, Plaintiffs, vs. J. M. Dowsett, Administrator of the Estate of J. I. Dowsett, deceased, Phoebe Makee Raymond, J. H. Raymond, Edward Dowsett, Mary Parish, Z. Parish, Alexander Dowsett, Annie Brenham, R. B. Brenham, Elizabeth J. Parker, David A Dowsett, Rowena Dowsett, Samuel Dowsett, Marion C. Dowsett, Gen-evieve Dowsett, Madeline Dowsett and Annie Dowsett, Defendants.-Bill to Foreclose Mortgage and For a Receiver.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

Whereas, it appears by affidavit that Marion C. Dowsett, Genevieve Dowsett and R. B. Brenham, certain of the defendants in the above entitled suit, are necessary parties to said suit, and that they have been residents in the Re-public of Hawaii but have removed

therefrom; It is ordered that service upon said defendants may be made by publica-tion of the summons issued in said suit; and that said summons shall be published in the Hawaiian Gazette twice each week from the 27th day of October, A. D. 1899, to the 30th day of January, A. D. 1900; and that a copy of the summons and petition of said suit be deposited in the postoffice ad-dressed to each of said defendants at his or her last place of residence; or that personal service of a copy of said

A. PERRY.

First Judge of the Circuit Court for the First Judicial Circuit. Attest: GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk. 2919-28t

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST CIRCUIT, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

C. Aldrich, H. B. King, H. S. Swinton, H. M. Seal and N. Brown, by W. C. King, his next friend, vs. P. E. Hassinger, A. M. Turton and H. Ross and D. K. Brown.-At

he Republic of Hawaii to the Marshal of the Hawaiian Islands, or his Deputy, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to sumon Douglas K. Brown to appear ten days after service hereof, if he reside on the Island of Oahv otherwise twenty days after service before such judge of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit as shall be sitting at Chambers in the courtroom at the Judiciary building in Honolulu, to answer the annex-ed Bill of Complaint of Mary C. Ald-rich et al., and have you then there this writ with your return thereon.
Witness the First Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, at Ho-

nolulu, Oahu, this 24th day of October GEORGE LUCAS.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED, J. H. KUNE wa, residing at Alea, Ewa, Island of Oahu, having this day been appointed Administrator of 'he Estate of Emele Plipiilani, deceased, of Honolulu, by the Honorable Antone Perry, First Judge of the Circuit Court, First Circuit, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate, to present same to him at the office of Magoon & Silliman, old Government building, next to postoffice, in Honolulu, whether secured by mortgage or otherwise, within six months from the date of the publication hereof, or such claims will be forever barred.

JOS. H. KUNEWA.
Administrator.
Dated, Honolulu, H. I., Nov. 4, 1899.
2123-41F

MORTGAGES'S NOTICE OF INTE TION TO FORECLOSE AND OF SALM.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage dated May 4th, 1993, made by S. K. Kaiaki of Haiku, laland of Maul, H. L. to L. M. Baldwin, and recorded in the office of the Ragic-trar of Conveyances, in Liber 145 on pages 318 and 219, i, L. M. Saldwin, mortgagee, intend to foreclose said mortgage (or a breach of the condipages 318 and 319, i, L. M. Baidwin, mortgagee, intend to foreclose said mortgage for a breach of the condi-tions contained in said mortgage, bewit: The non-payment of the principal and interest when due.

and interest when due.

Notice is also hereby given that all the right, title and interest which the said S. K. Kaiaiki had in and to all and aligular the lands, tenements and hereditaments in said mortgage contained, at the time said mortgage was executed, will be sold at Public Auction at the Courthouse door in Walluku, Island of Maul, on Saturday, the 30th day of December, A. D. 1899, at 12 o'clock of said day.

The property contained in said mort-

The property contained in said mort-gage is described as follows: 1st. That certain piece or parcel of land situated at Kaniaula, Hualele and

Kalepa, Kaupo, Island of Maul, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at the west corner of Kailipela's and the south corner of

this, and running: N. 36° W., 37.17 chains along the Pa-li of Kaniaula;

N. 16% W., 19.60 chains along Pali of Kanlaula; S. 38% E., 55.70 chains along Pall of

S. 53½° W., S. 8.80 chains along Kailipela to point of commencement; the same being R. P. No. 1527 to Kahana, and containing an area of 36 and ½

acres more or less.

2d. That certain piece or parcel of land situated at Mokula and Kaniaula, Kaupo, Island of Maul, and bounded and described as follows:

Commencing at north corner of this at Puhala by road, and running S. 65° W., 6.64 chains along road; S. 7%° E., 21.96 chains along Gov-

N. 73° E., 6.25 chains along sea shore; N. 7° W., 22.93 chains along kuleana to commencement; the same being R. P. No. 3212 to Kama and containing an

area of 14 acres more or less.

3d. That certain piece or parcel of land situated at Polinkaka, Kaupo, Island of Maui, bounded and described as Commencing at the southwest cor-

ner, and at the southeast corner of 'Paku Ma" and running: N. 71/2° W., 21.70 chains along Paku and Kamalii:

N. 15° E., 3.00 chains along Puka; N. 261/2° W., 31.55 chains along Puka to north corner of their land. N. 62° E., 6.00 chains along ravine; then commencing again from the first corner and running: N. 82¼° E., 7.00 chains to bottom of

ravine; and from the bottom of the ravine and running to above mentioned point; the same being R. P. No. 3076 to Kila and Umi, and containing an area of 37 acres more or less. 4th. That certain piece or parcel of land situated at Mikimiki and Kuikui-

olu, Kaupo, Island of Maul, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of this, being the south corner of Ka-

S. 80° W., 3.02 chains along Kane

and Keawe; S. 78½° W., 7.74 chains along Kane s. 1872 and Keawe; S. 14° E., 7.43 chains along Kiha; S. 19½° W., 5.66 chains along Kiha to sea cliff; and again commencing at

the northeast corner S. 14° E., 4.00 chains along Kahiliopuaa; S. 8% E., 5.88 chains along Kahili-

optica to sea cliff, and thence along sea cliff to southwest corner and the southeast corner of Kiha.

The same being R. P. No. 2191 to

petition and summons be made upon said defendants out of the Republic.
Dated, Honolulu, October 24, A. D.

The same being R. F. All.
Kallianu, and containing an area of 13 and 34 acres mere or less.

5th. That certain piece or parcel of 5th. That certain piece or parcel of 14 acres mere or less.

land situated at Maunaloa, Kaupo, Isl-and of Maul, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at the south corner and

W., 4.74 chains along Kamalli; S. 74° W., .50 chains along Govern

ment road; N. 21° W., 8.83 chains along stream; N. 1½° E., 10.25 chains along stream; N. 25° E., 3.43 chains along stream; 70° E., 1.50 chains along Govern-

ment:

S. 3° E., 20.70 chains along Pall; S. 171/2° E., 4.77 chains along Lahai-S. 75° W., 1.10 chains along sea te point of commencement; the same being L. C. A. No. 10157 B., to Kekahu, and containing an area of 6 and 2-5

Terms cash. Deed at expense of purchaser. For further particulars apply to Hons & Coke, Wailuku, Maul.

Dated, Nov. 8th, 1899. L. M. BALDWIN, HONS & COKE. Attorneys for Mortgagee. 2125-3tF

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed Executor of the last will and testament of Elizabeth Glifillan, late of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons to present their claims against the estate of said Elizabeth Glifillan, deceased, duly authenticated, whether secured by mortgage or otherwise, to the undersigned at the office of Cecil Brown, Esq., on Morchant street, Honolulu, Oahu, within six months from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING the undersigned. Dated, Honolulu, Nov. 21, 1899

A. F. GILFILLAN,
Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Elizabeth Gilfilian.
2127-41F

Only the highest grade of RED RUB-BER is used in the Stamps made by the HAWAIIAN GARRITH CO.